The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 29, 1867. NO. 197.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

MESSRS. BUTLER AND BINGHAM.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MARCH 26.

Mr. Butler, (Mass.) rose to a personal explanation, called attention to the debate between himself and Mr. Bingham a day or two ago, and said that he had laid upon members' desks a printed sheet, showing the report of Mr. Bingham's remarks as they appeared in the *Globe*, and as they were really uttered, as appeared from the reporter's notes. The report as published did him (Butler) injustice, and he did not envy any one who could in the cool of the evening sit down and deliberately pen a speech, that could not be answered, and put it immediately preceding what purported to be an answer. Mr. Butler then proceeded to refer again to the trial of the conspirators in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, and he reiterated the statement heretofore made, that the evidence did not justify the execution of Mrs. Surratt.

He had examined it with great care, and the view he expressed the other day as to the innocence of Mrs. Surratt. It was no spasmodic thought of his but was made up after clear and calm deliberation. In his speech the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Bingham) said he was the advocate of the United States. He (Mr. Butler) denied the fact. Mr. Bingham was the special Judge Advocate of the United States, and as such it became his duty to care for the interests of the prisoner, and to present all evidence bearing upon the case. There was an important part of the evidence which was not produced upon that investigation. When Booth was captured, his captors found upon his person, among other things, a diary in which Booth set down all the facts connected with the conspiracy; the names of those engaged in it; his motives for the act, and probably some sort of excuse for his part in the matter. Why was this evidence suppressed, and why was not this diary placed in evidence before the commission? His tobacco pipe, and his compass, and even a portion of his clothing was brought before the commission for the purpose of identification; but this diary, which might have given an important light, was not produced at all. That diary is now before the Committee on the Judiciary of this House. He wished it to be understood, however, that he had not had access to the diary, nor had he received any information that he should refer to from any member of that committee; but what he would state he had got from hearsay. That diary was now before the Committee of the Judiciary, and with eighteen pages, that were certainly in it at the time of the capture, cut out. He wanted to know whether that diary was not whole when it reached the hands of the government officials? And if it was, what kind of a policy was it to be pursued which placed the tobacco pipe in evidence for the purpose of identifying Booth, and withheld the sure means of identification, which was his own handwriting in his own diary? Why was the diary not placed in evidence as well as the tobacco pipe? Who spoliated that book? Who cut the leaves from it? Whose knife mutilated it? Who withheld and suppressed testimony, and caused an innocent woman to be hung when he might have saved her by the simple production of the diary? There is a leaf in that diary which was not cut out or spoliated. That page had been written over immediately after the assassination and while Booth was a fugitive, and was to the effect that he [Booth] had endeavored to recross the Potomac for the purpose of going to Washington and giving himself up and clearing himself of that of which he was charged. How could that page have been in if the book was not spoliated after it came into possession of the Government; and why was it that the other pages were cut out so that it could not be ascertained how Booth expected to clear himself of his crime? Why was not Col. Conger, who captured Booth, allowed to go on and tell all about the diary? He was examined as to the pipe and other articles, but not a word was uttered as to the diary.

Mr. Butler here read from the report of the testimony taken at the assassination trials to show that Conger was examined upon all the subjects named, except the diary; and, resuming the thread of his remarks, said the Judge Advocate did not even ask Conger, as is customary, if that was all he knew. The diary would have identified Booth in a moment and beyond a question.

He brought no charge against the military officers composing the commission. They relied upon the Judge Advocate to produce the evidence and to shed all possible light upon the case. But the fact is that the testimony was not laid before that tribunal.—By the production of the diary, before it had been mutilated, Booth's accomplices could have been ascertained. It would have been known why it was that the plan to kidnap had been changed to assassination; and who it was that instigated the assassination; and who it was that would be specially benefitted by the change in the succession of Mr. Lincoln after the knife had done its work; and the same book would have explained how Booth expected to clear himself by coming to Washington and giving himself up; but it was never even so much as attempted to ascertain who had cut the leaves from the book. He (Mr. Butler) was only speaking from hearing as to the diary, but members of the Judiciary Committee could correct him if he was wrong.

Mr. Bingham said he would in a few words answer the disreputable accusations and charges of the gentleman.

The Speaker reminded Mr. Bingham that the word "disreputable" was not parliamentary when applied to another member.

Mr. Bingham begged leave to differ from the Chair. He thought that in this case it was perfectly parliamentary, proper and in order. Mr. B. then proceeded, and referred to Mr. Butler's charge that he had altered the sense of his remarks the other day in the alterations he had made in the report of his speech. The report of that speech, as handed to him for revision, was one of the worst and most incorrect that had ever come to him from the official desk, and in revising it he had not altered the sense of a single word or sentence; and he defied the gentleman (Mr. Butler) to point out any such alteration.

If he (Mr. Butler) is the lawyer he was reputed to be, and there was no disposition on his (Mr. Bingham's) part to underrate an antagonist, the gentleman was to be pitied if he didn't know that evidence after the fact was never offered or entertained by a court. He defied the gentleman to show, by any investigation, that any statement or communication made by John Wilkes Booth was not made after the fact, and therefore inadmissible as evidence. Any lawyer knew that such evidence was barred, and he treated with scorn and contempt any statement that he was obliged, as Judge Advocate, to produce any such evidence. All the judicial tribunals had decided one way upon such evidence, but perhaps the genius of these judges was not equal to the incomparable hero of Fort Fisher. (Laughter and applause on the floor and in the galleries.)

Turning to the Speaker, Mr. Bingham said he hoped his last remark would be considered parliamentary.

Mr. Butler rose and desired to be heard.

Mr. Bingham declined to give way. He did not see that the gentleman from Massachusetts had any claim upon him for any favor. He (Mr. Bingham) had never seen any such memorandum or diary as that referred to by Mr. Butler. He doubted if there was one.

He (Mr. Butler) asks who spoliated the book? That was an interesting question to him, (Bingham) and as important as to who killed cock robin, to repeat a remark which he had made the other day. He challenged his antagonist and accuser to produce any evidence to show that he had withheld any testimony at the assassination trial. The gentleman comes here with hearsay testimony—a kind of testimony not generally recognized, except, perhaps, by a man who lives in a bottle and is fed with a spoon.—[Laughter.]

Mr. Bingham hoped the Speaker would not declare that last remark unparliamentary and out of order. The other statement, that he had control of the testimony, shows, on the part of the gentleman from Massachusetts, a disregard for all decency and all law. The gentleman knows that he (Mr. Bingham) was not the official recorder of the court. He knew that the Judge Advocate General of the United States was sitting at the trial daily as the recorder, and that he had the control of all the testimony.

Mr. Butler asked the privilege of replying, but objection was made on all sides.

Mr. Ward, of New York, said in view of what had taken place, he asked leave to introduce a resolution declaring that it had been asserted in a speech at Boston, by an ex-Cabinet minister, that Mrs. Surratt had been unjustifiably hung; and that the same having been made upon the floor of the House, a committee should be appointed to investigate the matter.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, objected. This controversy should not continue any longer, and it was one that should never have been brought into the House.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

Members of the Legislature of North Carolina---Session 1866--'67.

SENATE.

1st district—Pasquotank and Perquimans—Dr. Rufus K speed
2nd district—Camden and Currituck—Wilson D Forebee
3rd district—Gates and Chowan—H Willey
4th district—Tyrrell and Hyde—Jones Spencer
5th district—Northampton—H C Edwards
6th district—Hertford—James Barnes
7th district—Bertie—David Outlaw
8th district—Martin and Washington—J E Moore
9th district—Halifax—Mason L Wiggins
10th district—Edgecombe and Wilson—Henry T Clark
11th district—Pitt—C Perkins
12th district—Beaufort—Isaiah Respass
13th district—Craven—Mathias E Manly
14th district—Carteret and Jones—Calvin D Koonce
15th district—Greene and Lenoir—J H Coward
16th district—New Hanover—Ed D Hall
17th district—Duplin—Isaac B Kelly
18th district—Onslow—Jasper Etheridge
19th district—Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus—Salter Lloyd
20th district—Cumberland and Harnett—Archibald McLean
21st district—Sampson—John C Williams
22d district—Wayne—W A Thompson
23d district—Johnston—Thomas D Snead
24th district—Wake—Willie D Jones
25th district—Nash—L N B Battle
26th district—Franklin—Washington Harriss
27th district—Warren—F A Thornton
28th district—Granville—John Bullock
29th district—Person—John W Cunningham
30th district—Orange—John Berry
31st district—Alamance and Randolph—M S Robins.
32d district—Chatham—R B Paschall
33d district—Moore and Montgomery—W B Richardson
34th district—Richmond and Robeson—M McRae
35th district—Anson and Union—D A Covington
36th district—Guilford—Peter Adams
37th district—Caswell—Livingston Brown
38th district—Rockingham—C Hand
39th district—Mecklenburg—J H Wilson
40th district—Stanley and Cabarrus—Mr *Marshall*
41st district—Rowan and Davie—Robert F Johnston
42d district—Davidson—J M Leach
43d district—Stokes and Forsyth—J E Matthews
44th district—Ashe, Surry &c.,—A C Cowles
45th district—Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander—J H Hall
46th district—Burke, &c.,—A C Avery
47th district—Lincoln, Gaston and Catawba—*M L McCorkle*
48th district—Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland—C L Harriss
49th district—Buncombe, Henderson, &c.; L S Gash
50th district—Haywood, *Macon*, &c., J R Love, Jr.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Anson—A J Morgan, W P Kendall
Ashe and Alleghany—Robert Gambrill
Alexander—Dr J H Carson
Alamance—R Y McAden, A H Boyd
Beaufort—Henry Harding, C *M* Gorham
Bertie—Dr P T Henry, J W Beasley
Bladen—J A Richardson
Brunswick—D C Allen
Buncombe—Montraville Patton
Burke—John Sudderth
Cabarrus—J *M* Long
Caldwell—James C Harper
Camden—W G *Morrissett*
Carteret—J M Perry
Caswell—Philip Hodnett, Wm Long
Catawba—W P Reinhardt
Chatham—G *Moore*, G *May*, and Thos W Womble
Chowan—R D Simpson
Cleaveland—Geo W Whitfield and P Durham
Columbus—*Dr J M Mcdonigan*
Craven—S W Chadwick and A C Latham
Cumberland—W *McL McKay* and T S Lutterloh
Currituck—W G Cranberry
Cherokee—Mr Davidson
Duplin—T S Kenan and Zach. Smith
Davidson—C F Lowe, Dr J H Shelton
Davie—J H Clements
Edgecombe and Wilson—Dr J H Baker and J H Woodard
Franklin—Capt Joseph J Davis
Forsyth—P A Wilson and E D Teague
Gates—Dr W H Lee
Granville—E B Lyon, W H Jenkins, H Freeman.
Greene—F H Rountree
Guilford—W R Smith, J T Morehead, Jr., J S Houston
Gaston—D A Jenkins,
Halifax—D C Clark and W A Daniel
Harnett—Dr B C Williams
Haywood—Green Garrett
Hertford—Dr G C *Moore*
Hyde—Tilman Farrow
Henderson and Transylvania—Jas Blythe
Iredell—J A Bosebro and J H Stevenson
Johnston—Perry Godwin and B R Binnant
Jones—Jacob S Scott
Jackson—Thaddeus D Bryson
Lenoir—R F Bright
Lincoln—Dr *M L* Brown
Martin—Abner S Williams
McDowell—James Neal
Mecklenburg—R D Whitley and J *M* Hutchison.
Montgomery—Allen Jordan
Moore—Wm *M* Black
Macon—W G Crawford
Madison—N Kelsey
Nash—Jonathan *M* Stone
New Hanover—R H Cowan and C W McClammy
Northampton—R B Peebles and E A Martin
Onslow—A J Murrill

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B HUNTER, E. H. LASSITER.
GRANVILLE Co., N. C. NORTHAMPTON Co., N. C.

HUNTER & LASSITER,

[FORMERLY CONANT & HUNTER,]

Cotton Factors, & General Commission MERCHANTS,

CORNER OF HIGH AND WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Feb 6-134-3m

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-tf

NOTICE!!!

FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING A Family Grocery, I have established myself on the North Side of Market Square, in the Brick Store next to Fayetteville Street, where I shall keep constantly on hand a carefully selected Stock, embracing,

FLOUR, MEAL, GRAIN,
BACON, LARD, CHEESE,
SUGAR, MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA,
SOAP,
CANDLES,
RICE,
SALT, &c., &c.

to which I respectfully invite the attention of my friends and the public.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Raleigh, Mar 11-180-1m

1867. SPRING TRADE 1867.

8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass.
10 x 14 and 12 x 18 ditto.
300 lbs., Bladder Putty.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

mar 11-180-tf

TANNER'S OIL.

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!

A Proclamation by His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that J. Q. Bryant, late of the County of Wake in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Wiley Sauls, late of said County and State, and that said Bryant is a fugitive from justice.

NOW, THEREFORE, in order that the said Bryant may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this, my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d day of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.
WM. H. BAGLEY, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.—Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high—weighs 180 or 190 pounds—35 or 40 years old—heavy goatee—full face—high forehead—likely—quite intelligent—very polite—quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.

Feb 22-168-1m

THE FARMER,

A MONTHLY JOURNAL,

DEVOTED TO

Agriculture, Horticulture, THE MECHANIC ARTS AND HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY;

PUBLISHED AT RICHMOND, VA.,

BY

ELLIOTT & SHIELDS.

THE PUBLISHERS, determined to exert all their energies, look with confidence to the new year for such an increase of patronage as will enable them to enlarge the usefulness of THE FARMER, and make it a still more desirable medium for advertisers.

SUBSCRIPTION.—The terms of subscription have been made so low and reasonable as to place it within the reach of all who may desire it; and in view of the great interests to be served by an extensive circulation, we confidently expect the hearty co-operation of many in those sections of the country not now supplied with a good Agricultural Journal.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—For a single copy one year, $3,00

CLUB RATES:—Five copies one year for $13,00; ten copies one year for $25,00; fifteen copies one year for $37,00; twenty copies one year for $49,00; twenty-five copies one year for $60,00, and larger clubs in the same proportion.

To secure the advantages of these liberal terms, the clubs must be complete at the time of subscription, and the money accompany the order.

It is not required that all the subscribers to a club shall receive THE FARMER at one office. If necessary it will be mailed under the club arrangement to as many different offices as there are subscribers to the club.

ELLIOTT & SHIELDS,
Jan 5—tf Richmond, Va.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A valuable house and lot in this city, for rent or sale.

Apply to B. C. BADGER.
Feb. 14—161-tf

LIME

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12,00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2,00.
Do. " Hillsboro, 2,20
Do. " Raleigh, 3,70.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station,
Dec 6-tf W. N. C. R. R.

DRY GOODS.

"Just a Step or two Ahead."

FIRST SUPPLY OF NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS.

SPRING CALICOS,

French & American Lawns,

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED MOZAMBIQUES.

English Barege, Organdies, &c., &c.

Good Stock Bleached Muslin,
7-8 and 4-4 unbleached "
ALAMANCE PLAIDS &c., &c.,
Just received at
GEO. T. COOKE'S,
Feb 26-171-tf Cheap Store.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!!

AT COST

AND LOWER.

IF YOU WANT TO GET CHEAP GOODS LOOK at our prices, before purchasing elsewhere:

4 Brown Shirting	12c	cents	per	yard.
" do.	16	"	"	"
4-4 " heavy	20	"	"	"
5-4 " Sheeting	23	"	"	"
Arctic Bleaching,	15	"	"	"
Willow Bridge do.	20	"	"	"
4-4 Pembroke "	25	"	"	"
4-4 Lewiston "	25	"	"	"
4-4 Hanover extra "	22½	"	"	"

Lonsdale, Wamsutta and New York Mills at present market prices.

PRINTS!!

at from 12½ to 20 cents per yard.

FLANNELS!!!

4 white all wool Flannel	45	cents	per	yard.
4 " " " fine	60	"	"	"
4-4 " " "	75	"	"	"
4-4 " " Extra fine Flannel	$1,00	"	"	"
4-4 " all wool ext. heavy Shaker Flannel	$1,00			

per yard. Sack and colored Flannels correspondingly low.

Fall and winter Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Ladies, Misses and Childrens Shoes, and a general assortment of Gents Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps etc., etc.,

AT YOUR OWN PRICES, AT
M. ROSENBAUM'S,
Feb 9-157-tf No. 16, Fayetteville, Str.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MILTON C. RICHARDSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Clinton, N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLlection of claims and other business entrusted to his care
Feb 4-2m.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 3, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSIness intrusted to his care.
Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
Jan 24-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that PETER LANE (Colored,) late of the County of Wake, in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Mayo, (Colored) late of said County and State, and that said Lane is a fugitive from justice:

NOW THEREFORE, in order that the said Lane may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d. day of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH,
WM. H. BAGLEY,
Private Secretary.

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ELLIOTT & SHIELDS,
Jan 5—tf Richmond, Va.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Sickness, Heartache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.
Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston H. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

NEW BANKING HOUSE

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

Trade St., opposite Mansion House,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,

GREENSBORO', N. C.

GOLD, SILVER, BULLION, SOUTHERN Bank Notes, sight and time exchange, stocks, bonds and coupons, bought and sold.

Deposits received, subject to sight checks, and six per cent. interest allowed.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver and Southern bank notes, on commission.

Business paper discounted on reasonable terms and money loaned on collaterals.

REFER, to Ex-Gov. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte, N. C. Jesse. H. Lindsay, Esq., Greensboro N. C.
mar 5-179-4cd-3m

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE.

Toilet Soaps, Demulcent and Polishing Soap for Polishing Silver, Britannia and Tin Ware.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 11-158-tf Wholesale Grocers.

ORDERS SOLICITED FOR PERUVIAN GUano to be delivered at the different depots on the Raleigh & Gaston and N. C. Railroads.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb. 14—161-tf Wholesale Grocers.

WANTED.

$10,000 in Cape Fear Bank notes and $2,500 in Bank of North Carolina notes.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 4-152-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.

A large lot of fine Baled Hay.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 1-150-tf Wholesale Grocers.

WANTED.

100 BOXES MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, Put up before the Federal Tax Law went into operation. It must be sound. Cash will be paid.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb. 14—161-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

150 bbls., Different Brands—all grades.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 22-164-tf Wholesale Grocers.

A LARGE LOT ADAMANTINE CANDLES Very Cheap.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 8-156-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SEED OATS, IRISH POTATOES.

1000 bush., Selected Seed Oats—very Choice, 100 bbls., Peach Blow and Mercer Potatoes, to arrive.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 22-165-tf Wholesale Grocers.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDLES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

80 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames.
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY W. ROBT ANDREWS, No. 26, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

50 Sacks Full weight Liverpool Salt.
50 bbls. Superfine Flour.
13 bbls. Molasses.
50 Kits No. 1, Mackerel.
50 Cases fresh Tomatoes and Peaches.
50 Boxes Adamantine Candles,
80 Bbls. White Mercer Potatoes and 50 P. B. Potatoes.
10 Bbls. Onions and 10 of Apples, choice.
1,000 Yds. Gunny Bagging,
25 Coils Rope.
500 lbs. Sole Leather,
10 Doz. French Calf Skins.
5 " Kip Skins.
30 Boxes Candy, assorted.
20 Sacks Java, Rio and Laguyra Coffees.
100 Reams Wrapping paper.
20 Bushels shoe pegs, assorted, cheap.
50 half and quarter bbls. flour, different grades.
75 bbls. Sugar, of all grades, in quantities and at prices to suit.
25 bbls. Elkridge and Patapsco family flour, best made.
100 Bags Shot, all sizes.
6 Doz. Pra. Cotton Cards.
20 Boxes Pearl Starch, cheap.
Good assortment Crockery of Ware.
Spiced Pigs feet, Fulton market family Beef, by the wholesale and retail. Also, a lot of English Dairy Cheese and a large assortment of fresh Garden Seeds.
A fine article of Bacon always on hand.—Also, Clagetts' Baltimore Ale, by the Package, and Lager Beer by the Cask.
Liquors of all grades. Attention is specially called to our pure old Robeson County Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy, Groceries generally very cheap for cash.
Fresh Oysters received daily from Norfolk.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer.
Feb 13-tf

WHISKEY.

10 Bbls. Yadkin County Whiskey
5 " Old Rye "
2 " Old Monongahela **** Whiskey.
2 " " Scuppernong Wine.
20 Five gallon kegs pure French Brandies and Gins,

In Store,
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb 26-171-tf

ARRIVING THIS DAY,

800 Sacks No. 1, Peruvian Guano.
500 " Patapsco "
50 " Baugh's Superphosphate Lime.
70 Bbls. Rockland Lime, in prime order.
50 Bales prime Hay.
200 Sacks Liverpool fine Salt

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
mar 1-174-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

GUANO, GUANO, GUANO.

50 Tons No. 1 Peruvian Guano, direct from the Peruvian Agent.
50 Tons Patapsco Guano.
20 " Baugh's Raw Bone Super-Phosphate of Lime
10 Tons Ford's Fertilizer.

The above are all Standard manures and will be sold on as good terms as the times will admit of. These Fertilizers are now all lying at Portsmouth Va., awaiting transportation. We will take orders, and hope to be able to commence delivering it in the next ten days.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb 25-170-tf Commission Merchants.
Standard and Progress copy.

MOLASSES, MOLASSES, MOLASSES.

25 HHDS. NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES ARriving this day, which will be sold at Wamsutta prices, freight &c., added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb 26-170-tf

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS, DESIRING Goods, can purchase them from us, or have their orders filled in New York on Commission.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
mar 13-182-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 32 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
Feb 15-162-3m

THE

REMINGTONS'

FIRE ARMS,

Sold by the Trade Generally.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.

200,000 furnished the U. S. Government.

ARMY REVOLVER,	44-100 in. Calibre,
NAVY REVOLVER,	3-100 in. Calibre,
BELT REVOLVER,	Navy Size 1 alibre,
POLICE REVOLVER,	Navy Size Calibre,
NEW POCKET REVOLVER,	31-100 in Calibre,
POCKET REVOLVER, (Elder's pt.)	31-100 in Calibre,
REPEATING PISTOL, (Elliot pt.)	No 22 & 32 Cartr'ge,
VEST POCKET PISTOL,	No. 22, 30, 32 and 41 Cartr'ge,
GUM CANE,	No. 22 and 32 Cartridge,
BREECH LOADING RIFLE, (Beals')	No 32, & 38, "
REVOLVING RIFLE,	36 and 44-100 in Calibre,

E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, New York.

PRINCIPAL AGENTS.

MOORE & NICHOLS,	New York
WM. READ & SON,	Boston
JOS. C. GRUBB & Co.	Philadelphia
POULTNEY & TRIMBLE,	Baltimore
HENRY FOLSOM & Co.	New Orleans
JOHNSON SPENCER & Co.	Chicago
L. M. HUMBEY & Co.	St. Louis
ALBERT E. CRANE,	San Francisco

Feb 16-163-2m*

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Oil, and in doing so we unhesitatingly pronounce it SUPERIOR TO ANY BURNING OIL IN USE. It is Non-Explosive. Free from Grease. It will not grease the hands. It will not soil or grease the clothing. It is more brilliant than Gas. It produces a soft and beautiful light. It is not so trying to the eyes. It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by adopting our

LIGHT HOUSE OIL BURNERS.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE OIL

now in the market; and in consequence of the many serious accidents arising from the EXPLOSION OF KEROSENE, this Oil is extensively known and used in preference.

We are now prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable Oil, and we solicit from the public an examination and trial.

We have on hand a large stock of

LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, WICKS, &c.,

and can supply the trade on liberal terms.

First Premium Awarded at the Louisiana State Fair held in New Orleans, from Nov. 20 to 27th, 1866, against all Competitors.

H. D. NORRELL, Gen'l Agent,
120 Maiden Lane, New York.
Feb 15-162-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, OF TARBORO, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place, NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandize and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

FOR SALE.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSE and Lots in the city, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetable and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 9-178-tf

IRON AND TIN WARE.

1867. SPRING TRADE, 1867.

NO. 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

SPADES, SHOVELS, TABLE FORKS, POTAtoe Digs, Garden Hoes, and Rakes, Trace Chains, Plow Hames, Planter's Steel Hoes.

—ALSO—

Window Glass 8 x 10 and 10 x 12. Bladder Putty. Spirits Turpentine.

J. BROWN,
Feb 22-165-tf With HART & LEWIS.

IN SEASON.

20 Cases Meat or Sausage Cutters, Various Sizes.

J. BROWN,
Dec 13-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. SPRING TRADE, 1867.

2 TONS Swedes and Refined Iron, comprising 5 to 8 Inch Plow Iron, Tin, and Bar Iron, and Rods, Round Iron.

ALSO,

Saml. W. Collins' Axes.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.
Feb 26-170-tf

1867.

OPENING OF SPRING TRADE.

16 WESTERN EMPIRE COOKING STOVES assorting with complete Sets of Utensils, added to our former Stock, makes our assortment to consist of 20 10 40 Cook Stoves, various Patterns.

J. BROWN,
Feb 19-164-tf With HART & LEWIS.

QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,

COOKING STOVES.

SUPERI

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every evening, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
For two months	1.75
Three months	2.50
Six months	5.00
One year	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " " six months	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3.00
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 29, 1867.

OUR PLATFORM.

The Reconstruction Platform of the Congress. Nothing more—nothing less.

RULES.

We assume not to lead, but to aid in that consummation.

Only good and consistent loyal men, according to that platform, to lead and control.

That *disfranchised* men should not attempt to lead, but to encourage the Congressional policy.

The selection of only good and true men under that platform, who are eligible, for the Convention, pledged to carry it out.—Nothing more—nothing less.

Every man made eligible by the Reconstruction Acts, to be careful to register his name as a voter, and to vote only for the right men.

Submission and obedience to military and civil authority in the State and United States.

WHO CAN VOTE AND HOLD OFFICE?

We have published everything we have seen, entitled to consideration, as an interpretation of the rules fixed by the Reconstruction acts, for the qualification of voters and office holders under those acts, yet there is still some diversity of opinion on the subject. These differences will be likely to exist until Gen. Sickles issues his orders in regard to the registration of voters. He will then, no doubt, give an authoritative definition of the law in the case, which will be easily understood by all persons.

THE "RECONSTRUCTION" MEETING.

This meeting adjourned on yesterday. It will be heralded as a success. In character and *vim*, and ultra doings, it was fully up to Massachusetts itself. We have compiled, from the *Standard*, the facts of the meeting, without the speeches. They will come in for notice at a future day; the *platform* and the remainder of the proceedings to-morrow. Wendell Phillips and Fred. Douglas, if they could have believed in the sincerity of the white actors, would have been highly gratified. All this we learn.—Neither curiosity nor inclination prompted us to be present. We see enough of pretence and hypocrisy from white people, while walking the streets, without desiring to be surfeited by attending a Holdenite meeting.

"It is understood that Mr. Botts declares himself "left out in the cold" by the S. S. S. business. The colored people will not touch him, he says, because he opposed allowing them votes. The whites will not vote for him because they know him so well. He is reaping the just reward of a trimming, selfish and irritating policy, by being "unanimously rejected" by all classes alike."—*Rich. Enquirer.*

It, instead of his auto-biography, Botts had been giving the biography of a certain set of politicians in this State, he could'nt have "hit the nail on the head" more exactly. Look at the late Convention in this City. The majority of the whites who were in it are disfranchised. But suppose they were considered by Congress loyal enough to hold office, who is there among them that can expect to get the colored vote? Can Mr. Holden, who declared, not long since, that hostility to "negro suffrage" was a conspicuous Union land-mark? Can Mr. C. L. Harris, who voted against allowing the blacks to testify in the Courts? Can any one of those former "negro traders," of whom there are said to have been eighteen who were in the Convention, who used to separate husbands and wives, parents and children, without remorse? The colored people understand these men and their motives thoroughly. They fully appreciate that their present course is not the result of any regard for *them*, but that it proceeds from a greed for office, and the desire to use the blacks in order to vent a vindictive spite upon the best part of the white race. We will guarantee that James H. Harris, Jno. R. Good, and others, see through the disgusting duplicity of these men, and in their hearts have a perfect contempt for them.

WE HEAR, upon all sides, a general gratification expressed at the conduct and bearing of the colored delegates in the late Convention in this city. In all the intellectual encounters which occurred, their prominent speakers proved themselves too much for the white gladiators, and we really rejoice at such evidences of capacity and intelligence on their part. The spirit of charity and conservatism which they evinced was in highly commendable contrast with the malignant, illiberal and proscriptive spirit of the white leaders in the movement.

We understand that one of the colored Speakers declared that, while he rejoiced at the boons of freedom and suffrage, and thought them right and just, as the gift of Providence, he would never consent to use either to the detriment of the country or the prejudice of any class of society. Mr. T. R. Caldwell, *per contra*, in a letter addressed to the Convention, goes in for "forever" excluding from office a large portion of the whites, and even old Gen. Dockery, who has been a white man for more than seventy years, intimated a similar disposition. Alas! for "human nature!"

A POINT OF ORDER.—A windy orator in the New York Legislature, after a lengthy effort, stopped for a drink of water. "I rise," said Bloss, "to a point of order." Everybody startled, wondering what the point of order was. "What is it?" asked the Speaker. "I think, sir," said Bloss, "it is out of order for a windmill to go by water."

[From the Princeton Standard.]

Now, since slavery has been abolished throughout the Union, and the freedmen have been clothed with the rights of citizenship, it would seem reasonable that the few colored men in the Northern States, in New Jersey for example, should be permitted to vote. But especially since Congress prescribed negro suffrage in the Southern States and our Senators have voted for the Reconstruction bill which secures the full enfranchisement of all the freedmen, without restriction, it would seem inconsistent that we should approve of what they have done, and yet withhold the right of suffrage from our own handful of colored citizens.—Still it is not by any means certain that the people of New Jersey are ready to restore negro suffrage in this State. The question is still an exciting one, and is not likely at present to be met calmly. If it were to be postponed for a year or two, while the experiment is being made on a grand scale by the freedmen at the South, the issue here would probably be a safer and wiser one.

Could any stronger evidence be afforded than the foregoing of the utter insincerity and hypocrisy of Northern Radical politicians with regard to the colored race? Was there ever such criminal trifling with a great and momentous question? We feel that no comment is needed to point the moral of the above extract.

GEN. LONGSTREET ON RECONSTRUCTION.

The New Orleans *Times*, having called for the opinions of several gentlemen, whose names were given, upon the political condition of the country, Gen. Longstreet, being included in that number, promptly answers in the following sensible letter:

NEW ORLEANS, LA., March 18, 1867.

To the Editor of the New Orleans Times:

DEAR SIR:—In your paper of yesterday you have expressed a desire to hear the views of several gentlemen upon the political condition of the country. I find my name mentioned upon your list, and proceed without hesitation to respond.

As I have never applied myself to politics, I cannot claim to speak to the wise statesmen of the country, who are devoting their energies to the solution of the problem which agitates the public mind. I can only speak the plain, honest convictions of a soldier.

It can hardly be necessary at this late day to enter into a discussion of the matter that is usually brought up in arguing upon the proposed plan for reconstructing the Government. Indeed, I think that many of them are not pertinent to the question.

The striking feature, and the one that our people should keep in view, is that we are a conquered people. Recognizing this fact fairly and squarely, there is but one course left for wise men to pursue. Accept the terms that are offered us by the conquerors! There can be no discredit to a conquered people for accepting the conditions offered by their conquerors. Nor is there any occasion for a feeling of humiliation. We have made an honest, and I hope that I may say a creditable fight, but we have lost. Let us come forward then and accept the ends involved in the struggle.

Our people earnestly desire that the constitutional government shall be re-established, and the only means to accomplish this is to comply with the requirements of the recent Congressional legislation.

It is said by some that Congress will not receive us after we have complied with their conditions. But I can find no sufficient reason for entertaining this proposition for a moment. I cannot admit that the representative men of a great nation could make such a pledge in bad faith. Admitting, however, that there is such a mental reservation, can that be any excuse for us failing to discharge our duty? Let us accept the terms as we are in duty bound to do, and if there is a lack of good faith, let it be upon others.

I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

JAMES LONGSTREET.

FROM WASHINGTON.

MR. BLAIR REJECTED—SENATORS PATTERSON AND DOOLITTLE EXONERATED—HIS ADJOURNMENT QUESTION.

[Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, March 26.

The Senate committee on foreign relations has unanimously agreed to report in favor of rejecting the nomination of Gen. F. P. Blair, as minister to Austria.

Mr. Smythe was before the Senate judiciary committee, to-day and gave full testimony in regard to the charges made against Senators Doolittle and Patterson by the Hurlburd committee of the House. Mr. Smythe's testimony unequivocally exonerates the Senators named from any blame whatever, and it is understood the judiciary committee will so report to-morrow.

The Senate having, by a very decided vote, determined to adjourn until December, and the House being equally decided in favor of adjourning to May, &c., there is a probability that the President may be officially notified of the disagreement, and that he will be required to adjourn Congress, as provided by the constitution.

REBEL CHURCHES IN WASHINGTON.—Theodore Tilton will deliver a lecture Thursday evening in Union League Hall.

The meeting will be held in the place indicated simply because no other can be obtained for the purpose. Application was made by the lecture committee to the trustees of several churches, but notwithstanding the fact that the whole proceeds of the lecture are to be given to the destitute people South, rebeldom, in its self-righteousness, has forced the lecturer to appear in a place not large enough to hold one tithe of those who wish to hear him. At another time we shall take occasion to place these rebel trustees in churches in their true light before the world.—*Forney's Chronicle.*

POLITICAL.—All eyes are now upon the Connecticut election, which takes place on Monday next for Governor, Congressmen, and members of the Legislature. The canvass on both sides is of the most active kind, and the election will, it is said, be a close one. The full returns from New Hampshire show the following result:

	Dem.	Rep.	Rep. maj.
1866	30,481	35,137	4,656
1867	32,833	35,755	2,922

The Democrats polled 2,352 more votes this year than last. The Republicans add but 618 to their vote of 1866; or, the Democratic gain is 7 8-10 per cent., and the Republican gain only 1 3 4 per cent. The Democrats gain about 16 members of the Legislature.

IMPEACHMENT.—Representative Wilson, of Iowa, chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House, left for his home yesterday. He will return about the 1st of May, when the Judiciary Committee will commence again holding sessions for the purpose of taking evidence in the matter of the impeachment of the President. Mr. Boutwell will act as chairman of the committee the remainder of the present session of Congress, during Mr. Wilson's absence.—*Forney's Chronicle*, 27th.

For the Sentinel.

PETTIGREW'S OLD BRIGADE.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—My attention has been called to an article in the *Sentinel*, in which I find the following extract from the "Life and Campaigns of Gen. Robt. E. Lee," by Mr. McCabe:

"Still the line pressed on, winning the admiration of even its foes by the magnificence of its advance. Suddenly, when the crest was almost reached, the hill blazed with the fire of the Federal infantry, and Pettigrew's Division in spite of the efforts of its gallant commander to rally it, broke in dismay and fled from the field, leaving two thousand prisoners and fifteen standards in the hands of the Union army. * * *

* * The triumph was dearly won, and was as brief as it was glorious. The enemy rallied on their second line and poured a withering fire into the captured works now held by the Virginians. Glancing around to look for his supports, Pickett found that he was alone, that Pettigrew's men had fled and left him to his fate. His grand charge had been in vain."

It is greatly to be regretted that Gen. Lee has fallen into the hands of so misinformed a biographer. All of us know Gen. Lee.—Our hearts swell with pride at the mention of his name,—a name second to none on the roll of fame. We loved him in the army. His bland smile cheered every heart; his noble bearing nerved every arm. It was my fortune to have a personal interview with him but once, and then under orders. I approached his tent with some degree of trepidation, but his genial smile and calm bearing at once reassured me. He received me more like a father would have done a son, than the Commander-in Chief of one of the greatest armies the world ever saw would an unknown soldier. I met with none of the difficulties that I did in obtaining an interview with a post commandant of a conscript camp in North Carolina. I passed no guards, and saw not half the indications of military rank and importance that surrounded *that camp*. He gave me his hand, offered me a seat and, the interview ended, he thanked me for my prompt compliance with his *request*. I left him, feeling that I had been in the presence of one truly good and great, and wishing that the petty post commandant might be taught the same lesson I had learned—a sense of my littleness, an idea of true greatness. God bless the old hero! May Heaven's choicest blessings ever rest on him and his!

But to Gen. Lee's biographer: I know not who Mr. Jas. D. McCabe, Jr., of Virginia, is. It may be that he is one of those who won honors on hard-fought fields. It may be he took notes a convenient distance in the rear, or received his information from one who did. Of this I know nothing, but I do assert there was no bad conduct on the part of Pettigrew's Brigade in the third day's charge at Gettysburg.

It was my fortune to be an humble member of Pettigrew's Brigade, and to advance with it in that fatal charge. I am the only field officer of that old Brigade, save the gallant Maj. Jones, of the 26th, who afterwards fell in the Wilderness, whose fortune it was ever again to meet the enemy on the field of battle. In the first day's fight, the 11th and 26th had suffered heavily. Col. Leaventhorpe, of the 11th, painfully wounded, and afterwards taken prisoner, the gallant and accomplished Major Ross fell while leading the Regiment. The loss in the 26th had been heavier still, for it was there the gallant, promising and beloved Burgwyn poured out his life's blood, and his Lieutenant Colonel, Lane, fell wounded and bleeding by his side. The 47th and 52nd, on the right of the Brigade, had not lost so heavily, though the loss in the 47th was about 125 killed, wounded and missing,—among the killed the gallant and amiable Capt. Iredell; peace to his ashes! He died as the brave ever wish to die, beloved by all his comrades, and in the faithful discharge of his duty. It was after this bloody, but glorious encounter of the first day, that, late in the evening of the second, the Brigade was ordered to the right where Longstreet had been hotly engaged from 4 o'clock.—Night closed the action.

On the morning of the third, we were aroused to a sense of our situation, and no man, who viewed the ground, but felt that, when the charge was made that all thought *would* be, blood must flow and gallant spirits take their final flight. At first it was ordered that Pickett should advance, supported by Heth's Division, then commanded by Pettigrew, but afterwards this disposition was changed, and Heth's Division moved to the left, and on a line with Pickett. And here, I think, we find the ground on which are based all the charges of bad conduct on the part of Pettigrew's Brigade. Pickett's men advanced, expecting to be supported by Pettigrew's; the support did not reach them in time, and they very naturally censured Pettigrew's men for the failure. Whether any one was to blame or not, I am not able to say, but certain am I that Pettigrew's Brigade was not,—for, at the very moment Pickett claims to have had, and did have, a portion of the enemy's works, and was looking to the rear for Pettigrew's troops, those troops *were on line with him*, battling as hard and breasting as bravely that storm of death as the bravest in Pickett's command; and as they looked anxiously to the rear for support from Pettigrew, so did Pettigrew's Brigade look in vain for its support; and as Pickett failed, finding "his grand charge had been in vain," for the want of support, so did Pettigrew, "glancing around, find that his grand charge had been in vain," for the same reason. Pettigrew's Brigade was no more responsible for the failure of Pickett's charge than was Gen. Rodes, who was still further to the left and under orders not to fire a gun.

At 1 o'clock, the signal guns were heard, and, for nearly two hours, I never listened to so terrific a cannonade. That ended, the order was given by the gallant Marshall,—alas! that it should have been the last he ever gave,—to advance, and, with steady tramp, the Division advanced, the order being "guide right," with Archer's Tennessee Brigade on the right, and resting on Pickett's left, then Pettigrew's Brigade, then Davis' Mississippi Brigade, and then a Virginia Brigade whose commander I do not remember, but whose command was afterwards united with Archer's Brigade under Gen. Walker. We advanced, received their fire, and still advanced. I never saw men behave more gallantly, nor do I believe men ever did. I speak not for the whole Division, though I hope all did their duty. That Archer's Brigade kept on a line with Pickett, I am quite sure, and that Pettigrew's Brigade was on a line with Archer's, I know. That Pickett, and possibly a portion of Archer's Brigade, reached the works, and we did not, I confess. Fortune favored Pickett; they escaped the flank fire from the left and from which we suffered so severely. We heard their shouts as they entered the works; we struggled to carry our point, but failed. We heard the huzzas of the Yankees when they were driven out, and though the retreat may have commenced on the left, yet we honestly think it was nearly simultaneous.

The want of men made the charge a failure; we could no more help Pickett, than he could us, and we have as much right to complain that he did not come to our support, as he has to complain that we did not go to him.

Pickett was more successful than we were. He broke the line, and for a moment held the front works; but that he and Pettigrew were both fairly beaten and driven back, however painful may be the confession, is a fact that cannot be denied. Had both Divisions, broken through the line, they would have been driven out, as Pickett was, and the triumph have been as short lived.

To attach blame to Pettigrew's Brigade for the failure is as absurd as it would be to charge the South with a want of manhood, because she failed; and, with no data by me, I venture the assertion that Pettigrew's Brigade lost as many in killed and wounded (*and no more prisoners*) as any Brigade in Pickett's Division. We mean not to reflect on Pickett or his gallant soldiers, but we do deny that on any field, and under any circumstances, they ever displayed more gallantry than Pettigrew's old Brigade.

And what is it our Virginia friends would have us do, to convince them that there is some manhood in the Old North State? Why was it that, when victory perched upon our banner, they forgot that North Carolina troops were there, and when disaster's blasting breath rent his silken folds, they are ready to say you "*did it.*" Is it not enough that the bones of her sons lie on every battle field in Virginia? Is it not enough that her Branch, Pender, Fisher, Pettigrew, and a host of noble spirits, perished there defending alike Virginia and North Carolina? Is it not enough that the body found nearest Porter's deadly battery on Malvern Hill, was a member of Vance's 26th N. C., and that at Gettysburg, under Pettigrew, this same regiment, in the first day's fight, out of eight hundred, lost in killed and wounded five hundred and eighty,—its gallant Colonel Burgwyn dying there, his Lieutenant Colonel Lane falling wounded with him? Is it not enough that Leaventhorpe was wounded there, and the noble, youthful, Ross, breathed his last there? And in the final charge, when Pettigrew bled, Marshall and Richardson died, and the bleeding Parks and Crudup were captives led to their desolate cells, when the noble Graves, the Douglass of them all, was captive made, to pine and wear his life away on Johnson's cold and dreary isle, with Powell, Davis, Watson, Evans, Whiting, Newsom, Drake, Joyner, and a host of other names, unknown to Virginia, but dear to the "loved ones at home," and who suffered all the horrors of that terrible prison: Was not this enough? Could not this propitiate Mr. McCabe, Jr., of Virginia? No, the cry is still for more. North Carolina has done her best,—her whole duty. The blood of her sons has enriched Virginia's soil from Bull Run to the spot on which Gen. Lee surrendered, and yet, when censure comes, it is from Virginia. It is not so with North Carolinians. Around our camp fires, we have heard them tell their tales of battles fought, defeat sustained, and victories won. We have heard them tell of Chancellorsville, how the chivalrous Ramseur charged, and of troops who failed to charge. In the campaign of '64, we heard them tell of how the lines of Spottsylvania were broken, and how the noble Ramseur charged and drove them back; but we have never seen the North Carolinian who would make these things a matter of history.—Bad conduct upon the part of the troops of any State would have been forgotten, for the sake of the gallant and good it had furnished. But we ask not to be spared, for the sake of the living or dead; we only ask to be reported fairly.

That we failed to carry the heights of Gettysburg is a matter of history; that we poured out the best blood the State in the effort to do so is a matter of history, too. I know the line was too weak, and this is the only answer to the question as to why we failed; our failure affects not the character of the old Brigade; its conduct in the first day's fight proves its gallantry, its losses in the final charge proves its daring. At Falling Waters, its gallant commander fell, covering the retreat; his Brigade the last to cross the Potomac. Since then it has been under the command of the brave and lion-hearted Kirkland; ask him if, at Bristol, in the Wilderness, at Spotsylvania, and on the North Anna, aye down to the hour when he was wounded, it did not do its duty. Ask the calm, quiet, gentlemanly Mac Rae, if second to any Brigadier second only to our beloved Pettigrew, if, around Petersburg, in the charge at Reams' station,—a charge that has never been surpassed by any troops, and in which our Lt. Col. Bird fell,—if, at Hatcher's Run, and to the hour when Gen. Lee was forced to surrender, if he ever saw the Brigade falter or quail, and if he says it did, then Mr. McCabe, of Virginia, may assume that it faltered at Gettysburg. If in that final struggle for the life of the Confederacy, when hope itself had fled, if Mac Rae's Brigade (Pettigrew's) did not do as much and as good service, if it did not show as bold a front and as many men for duty, as any Brigade in Pickett's Division, then say it behaved badly at Gettysburg. But if they did not, we ask Mr. McCabe, of Virginia, not to hand them down to posterity, with a single dash of his pen, (more mighty than *his* sword) as poltroons, to whom is to be attributed the defeat at Gettysburg, and the long line of disasters that followed in its train. I go further; ask Gen. Heth, who commanded the Division, if he had more gallant troops than Mac Rae's (Pettigrew's) and Cooke's Brigades of North Carolinians, and if he says he did, then may Mr. McCabe, Jr., of Virginia, charge them with bad conduct at Gettysburg.

It is no source of pleasure for me to write these lines. I regret the necessity, I regret that Virginians should speak thus of us.—The author of the "Lost Cause" is no better than Mr. McCabe, but it would be well for both if they would read Gen. Lee's report of the Gettysburg campaign, and from it learn a lesson of manliness and magnanimity.—We love Virginia; we wish her sons would let us love her more; we love her for her revolutionary history, the thousand pleasing recollections that adorn it. We love her because 'twas there Stonewall Jackson first beheld the light, and 'tis the land of Robert E. Lee; we remember, too, with gratitude her generous hospitality, the tender care of her noble, beautiful daughters. When sick and wounded, we were conveyed by a wagon from the Potomac to Staunton; their similes made us hope that we might see home again; their kind attention brought tears to our eyes; our heart was full; we thought of the loved ones far away, and can never cease to love Virginia—God bless her noble women. To night a thousand prayers from North Carolina altars ascend that Heaven's blessings may be showered on them for kindness shown a North Carolina son, brother, or loved one—may God answer these prayers!

This has not been written with a view to our own defence; we have reached that time of life when we dwell upon the past, rather than cherish hope for the future; our little girls tell us they think father did his duty—our bright eyed boy, with flushed cheek, says he knows father did. Mother sits calmly by and tells them to thank God that their father has been spared, and in gratitude to Him is willing to give Virginia all the honors she may claim; she only asks that she may never witness another such struggle, that her husband may never be torn from her again. I am happy in the love of wife and little ones, and every aspiration of mine was buried with our cause.—But there is a name that will ever live—a name that will ever be dear to North Carolinians—the brightest star in that bright galaxy that North Carolina sent to Virginia—its light went out—it set to rise no more on earth, on the banks of the Potomac.—but it shone like the star of promise 'till the last of Lee's noble army had crossed that fatal stream;—that star—that noble spirit, was J. Johnston Pettigrew. 'Tis his memory I would have Carolinians cherish.

I want no higher honor than to have been a member of his command. And when the cares and toils of life are ended, when called upon to surrender wife, little ones, all on earth most dear, we only ask

"To join in Heaven the old Brigade
With Johnston Pettigrew at it head."

H.

The truth is, as the Washington correspondent of the Radical Toledo *Blade* confesses, "confiscation is not popular just now; and will not be if the South does not provoke it by turning its back on the reconstruction act just past." Of this there is daily less chance. Apart from the action of the South, confiscation is condemned by the Radical press with a degree of unanimity that is both surprising and gratifying.—*New York Times.*

DIED,

In Chapel Hill, on the 16th. inst., Miss ANNA C. SWAIN, eldest daughter of Hon. D. L. Swain.

At the residence of his father, in Sampson County, on the morning of the 24th. inst., Capt. JOHN FRANKLIN IRELAND, of the late 26th. N. C. Vols.

On the 17th of February, at his residence, on the Arkansas River, of disease of the heart, Mr. JAMES H. BRANCH, in the 42nd year of his age.

Mr. Branch was a native of North Carolina, but early removed to Florida, where he remained until 15 years ago. He then left that State, and linked his destiny with that of Arkansas; saw her rise and fall, and, although prevented by the "dread messenger" which carried him off so suddenly, from taking up arms in the cause of the South, he was devoted to our "sunny Land," as was his brother, Gen. Branch, who fell on the memorable field of Sharpsburg, Md. He was proud energetic and successful. He leaves a wife and family of children and a large circle of devoted friends to mourn his loss. It may be said of him—

"Angels and Arch-Angels had combined together
To stamp upon his brow that glorious insignia—man."

Columbia Gazette.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLLINS' MEAL & FLOUR.
mar 29-198-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

PURYEAR'S CELEBRATED WHISKEY, OLD and mellow, just received.
mar 29-199-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Com. Merchants.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.
NEWBERN, N. C.
AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's Sugar and Syrup Evaporators, Carey's Improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.
mar 29-198-1t

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW
MILLS, MINING MACHINERY,
PORTABLE GRIST
MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,
Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198-6m.

DRY GOODS.

1867. 1867.
FIRST GRAND OPENING OF
NEW SPRING AND
SUMMER GOODS.

COME AND SEE THEM, AND IF THE GOODS AND PRICES SUIT YOU, BUY THEM.

I now take the pleasure of informing my numerous friends and customers that I have just returned from the North, and have now in Store,

10,000 Yards of Beautiful Spring
AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

embracing all the novelties of the season, which will be sold cheap enough to insure sales. Creech's is the place to buy your Dress Goods.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

Just received 8,000 yards of beautiful Spring and Summer Calicoes, which will be sold as cheap as cheapest. Customers cannot do better than to come to Creech's to buy their Calicoes.

CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

Just received 3,000 yards Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men, Boys and Children, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. I ask you to call and examine my stock before you buy, and you will not regret it.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!!

A large and varied stock of Hoop-Skirts, both as to price and quality.

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, NEW STYLES FOR 1867.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, prices ranging from $1 to $6. Misses from 50 cts. to $4. Creech's is the place to buy your Hats and Bonnets.

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats!

Just received a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Hats—cheaper than ever. Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Just received 2000 pair Gent's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,—will be sold cheap enough to meet the hard times. Come and see prices and quality.

Groceries and Crockery Ware.

A good stock of Family Groceries, and Crockery ware, and will be sold as low as any in the city.

Don't say you won't come and see, but say you will. If you have laid up your money for a rainy day, that rainy day has come. So come to Creech's to buy your goods. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, always ready and willing to serve you right.
mar 23-194-tf A. CREECH.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE SCHOOL of Medicine of the University of Maryland will commence on *Tuesday, April* 2nd, 1867.

This course is auxiliary to the Winter Lectures, and offers opportunity for continuous instruction, and for the prosecution of special studies

Students who have attended a Winter course in this University are admitted *Free of Charge.*

Others will be required to pay the matriculation fee. G. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
Baltimore, mar 25-195-2aw2w. DEAN.

SHIPPING.

FOR VENEZUELA.

ORONOCO AND CORONI RIVER.
SOUTH AMERICA.—The fast sailing A. 1 schooner "United States," Chas. DeHoker, Master, will positively leave Wilmington on the 25th day of March, for the above ports. Parties wishing to emigrate, or those having made previous arrangements, will please call on board, and pay their passages and obtain their tickets from the Captain on board, or to

E. MURRAY & CO.
mar-8-187-4d.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

An Old Song, set to a New Tune.

1867.

*As spring approaches
Rats and Roaches
From their holes come out
And Mice and Rats
In spite of cats,
Gaily skip about.*

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterm's

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator

Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed-Bugs, &c.*

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.*

☞ !!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR, 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Sold in Raleigh N. C.

☞ By—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

And all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BUCKTHORN SALVE,

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Boils, Cancers, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Bleeding, Blind and Painful Piles; Scrofulous, Putrid and Ill-conditioned Sores; Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Eruptions, Cutaneous Affections, Ringworm, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, &c; Chapped Hands, Lips, &c.;
Bites of Spiders, Insects, Animals, &c., &c.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD, and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh, N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
UNIVERSAL
CORN SOLVENT,

For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

☞ Boxes 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PREPARATION OF
BITTER SWEET & ORANGE BLOSSOMS
FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Used to Soften and Beautify the Skin, remove Freckles, Pimples, Eruptions, &c.

Ladies are now using it in preference to all others.

☞ Bottles, $1.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PECTORAL
COUGH REMEDY,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchial Affections, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

☞ Bottles, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BISHOP PILLS,
A UNIVERSAL DINNER PILL,

For Nervous and Sick Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Colics, Chills, Fevers, and general derangement of the Digestive Organs.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.
mar 29-198-3mdaw

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,
(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)
General Grocers
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 6 OLD STREET,
OPPOSITE SYCAMORE,
Petersburg, Va.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandise, of every description, sent to their care, and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kind to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, W. H. LITTLEJOHN,
Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.
Feb 18-164-3m

FERTILIZERS
FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery, 325 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian Guano. We give an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Hayes, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analyses Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

100 PARTS CONSIST OF	
Moisture	5.50
Prepared animal matter, salts of Ammonia, fatty substances and Humus	38.50
Bone Phosphates of Lime, Magnesia and Iron	50.80
(Soluble Phosphates of do. 16 4-10.)	
Sulphate of Lime	16.50
Salts	.20
Insoluble	3.00
	99.90

The animal matter afforded 4 2-10 parts of Ammonia when it was decomposed, and, as will be seen, nearly one-half of the Bone Phosphate is soluble.

After many analyses of your Super-Phosphate of Lime, made during the last few months, I have found your standard of quality full equal to that of any you have ever sold in former years; and I am satisfied that you include the correct principles in the manufacture. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

We refer to the following gentlemen who tested its merits last season:

DR. G. A. FOOTE,	Warren County, N. C.
J S FOOTE,	"
COL JOHN WIMBISH,	Granville "
B T BALLARD,	Franklin, "
A. D. ELLIS,	" "
R. F. YARBOROUGH,	" "
L. BATTLE,	Nash County, N. C.
J H AVENT,	" "
W T WRIGHT,	" "
L M CONYERS,	" "
H G WILLIAMS,	" "
J P HILLIARD,	" "
J F JENKINS,	" "
J J THORNTON,	" "
DR W H WATSON,	" "
T J BODDIE,	Nash County, North Carolina.
J S BODDIE,	" "
HON S H ROGERS,	Wake "
T P BRASWELL,	Edgecomb "
J H ARMSTRONG,	" "
J L LLOYD,	" "
E H FLOWERS,	" "
COL G W HAMMOND,	" "
W W BARKER,	" "
J B TAYLOR,	" "
J N TAYLOR,	" "
GEN M W RANSOM,	Northampton "
W P SOLOMON,	Halifax, "
W T TAYLOR,	Wilson, "

We will be represented at the Courts of Granville, Nash, Wake, Edgecombe, Wilson, Halifax, Northampton, Johnston and Warren counties, N. C. and [illegible] county Virginia.

All business confided to us shall have our best attention.

McILWAINE & CO.
Petersburg, Va., Jan 21-3m

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
No. 1015 Main Street,
(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)
Richmond, Va.;
THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
No. 8 Old Street
PETERSBURG, VA.;
BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Broad Street,
AUGUSTA, GA.,
BANKERS,
AND
Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Cotton, &c.

Their senior, Thos. Branch, with an experience of thirty years in the commission trade, will give his personal attention to the Richmond house, and expects to give satisfaction to his old friends and all who may favor them with their patronage.

Cash advances made on consignments to them and to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, London, Antwerp and Breslau.

Guano, and other concentrated Manures, furnished to their regular customers. Special attention is given to the execution of Cotton purchases, by

THOS. BRANCH & SONS, Petersburg,
AND
BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

The Richmond House transmitting telegraphic orders to either house, as may be preferred.

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages sent to our care, at best rates.

We will buy old North Carolina Bonds, Coupons, Registered, scratched &c, also detached coupons.

Railroad Stock bought and sold.

The following are the present rates of our Petersburg House for N. C. Bank notes, and are liable

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	5,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $15 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 29, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

To Advertisers.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

New Advertisements.—See announcement by Mitchell, Allen & Co., 22 Pollok Street, Newbern.

See advertisement of Costar's Vermin Exterminators, and valuable specifics.

Poole & Hunt, Baltimore, are Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Mining Machinery, &c.—This is, beyond doubt, a first class establishment, and we commend it to the patronage of our people.

Pulliam, Jones & Co. announce fine Meal and Flour and the celebrated Puryear Whiskey.

Mayor's Court.—*Nelson Utley* was up for an exposure of his person on Market-square and fined $5.

Good Friday.—To-morrow is Good Friday and the promise of the almanac—that it will be pleasant and fair—is likely to be fulfilled.

So saith the *Progress* of yesterday. Our neighbor is ahead of the times. Good Friday occurs this year on the 19th of April.

Yarborough House.—We would call attention to the card of Blair, in another column. He has the best reputation of any man in the State as a hotel keeper, and we are pleased to see that he has secured the Yarborough House. Persons visiting Raleigh cannot do better than to give him a call.—*Greensboro Register.*

More Relief.—We are glad to learn that the Southern Relief Association, of Philadelphia, have forwarded to Messrs. Worth and Daniel, of Wilmington, a sufficient amount of money to purchase 3000 bushels of corn, to be distributed among the destitute and suffering people of the State, without regard to color. The corn will be purchased and placed in the charge of Col. Bomford and Gov. Worth for distribution. This is another evidence that Northern sympathy is not entirely dried up, but that there is still a regard for suffering humanity felt among some of our Northern brethren.

It is in contemplation, by the business men of Tarboro, to have constructed a Railway leading from the Depot in that place down Main street to the river bridge.

Resigned.—It is rumored that E. Wilkes, Esq., the Superintendent of the North Carolina Railroad, has resigned that post. It is a very important one, and we hope that the Directors may be able to fill it with the best talent in that department in the State.

Greely Desires no Man to be Disfranchised.—The last number of the New York *Tribune* says as to the persons who are disfranchised:

"Every loyal citizen, black or white, is enabled, by the two reconstruction acts, to have a voice in the good work of restoration, with at least four-fifths of those who have been rebels. The remaining fifth we hope to see enfranchised very soon. Congress has provided for that in the pending constitutional amendment, and we trust that its consummation will not long be delayed. The South clearly understands, as we do, that the way to this lies through a prompt and cheerful conformity to the requirements of Congress. The South seems to be acting well her part."

Government Advertising in the South—A Squabble.—Secretary Seward has officially acknowledged the receipt of an order from Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, designating the newspapers in the South to which the Government advertising shall hereafter be given; but it is understood that he will refuse to furnish copies of the laws to them, as required by the act of the Thirty-ninth Congress. He claims that he has already made contracts with the legal number of papers for the ensuing year, and cannot abrogate them. Parties interested claim that no contracts have been made, but that the publishers of the papers selected by Secretary Seward should be considered and treated as if they held Government appointments, which, by the terms of the law referred to, are revoked.—*New York Times.*

A First-class Sensation.—Dispatches from Washington poured over the wires yesterday to speculators in Wall street that President Johnson was going to convene in session the Southern representatives and senators as soon as the present Congress adjourned. The object of sending such preposterous dispatches is not hard to get at; but nobody supposes that either the senders or the receivers believed them—though the fact of their being sent shows that it was thought to be possible to make some use of them in Wall street.—*New York Times, 26th*

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOLDENITE MEETING HELD IN THIS CITY.

COMPILED FROM THE STANDARD EXTRA.

The meeting was called to order at 12 m. Wednesday, the 27th. inst

"Mr. C. L. Harris, of Rutherford, as Chairman of the meeting of loyal members of the Legislature, called them to order, when

Hon. Alfred Dockery, of Richmond, was nominated for temporary chairman, and unanimously elected.

Hon. R. P. Dick, of Guilford, (white) and J. H. Harris, (colored) of Wake, were delegated to conduct the Speaker to the Chair, which being done,

Mr. Dockery proceeded to address the Convention in his usual forcible and eloquent manner."

"On motion of W. W. Holden, Dr. H. J. Menninger of Craven, (white) and J. S Leary, of Cumberland, (col.,) were chosen temporary Secretaries.

The roll was then called and the following delegates answered to their names:

Alamance.—Dr. J. W. McCauley, J. B. McMurray, J. W. Hardin, W. A. Dunn, (whites,) and Wyatt Outlaw, Guilford Sellars, Henderson Hassell, Charles Moore, (colored.)

Beaufort.—D. M. Carter, S. T Carrow, (whites.)

Greene.—Wm. Conner, D. E. Best, (col.)

Guilford.—R. P. Dick, J. Hiatt, (white,) H. Unthanks, L. Gibson, M. Alston, (col.)

Halifax.—Jas. A. Reid, N. H. Martin, (whites.)

Harnett.—J. M. Turner, Aaron Thomas, J. S. Harrington, (whites.)

Henderson.—A. H. Jones, (white.)

Hertford.—L. W. Boon, C. Moore, (col.)

Iredell.—H. Bernard, (white.)

Johnston.—B R. Hinnant, Dr. J. T. Leach, whites.

Jones.—Dr. J. T. Leach—proxy.

Lenoir.—R. W. King, (white.)

Martin.—S. W. Watts, J. J. Martin (whites.)

Mecklenburg.—E. Pullings, (white) Richd. Smith, J. Davidson, (colored.)

Montgomery.—A. Jordan, (white)

Moore.—W. B. Richardson, A. Walden, J. Barrett, (whites;) M. McCloud, B. Rieves, (colored.)

Nash.—A. B. Baines, (white.)

New Hanover.—Maj. J. L. Rhodes, J. H. Neff, G. W. Price, G. P. Rourke, (whites;) E. Miller, (colored.)

Bertie.—Chas. Harrell, Blount Pew, (col.)

Cabarrus.—Wm. Coleman, (white.)

Carteret.—Dr. M. F. Arendell, J. C. Codner, (whites;) Francis Gibble, (colored.)

Caswell.—Turner Patilo, (colored.)

Chatham.—Silas Burns, Wm. T. Gunter, (whites;) T. Taylor, R. Ramsay, Henry Smith, (colored.)

Craven.—C. R Thomas, D. Heaton, H. J. Menninger, (whites;) Jno. R. Goode, G. R. Green, C. J. Brown, (colored)

Cumberland.—E. L. Pemberton, J. R. Lee, (whites;) J. W. Hood, James Bowman, J. S. Leary, (colored.)

Davidson.—W. F. Henderson, H. Adams, N. Chandler, George Riley, (whites) and Richard Heir, (colored.)

Davie.—Jesse Green, (white.)

Edgecombe.—W. H.Knapp, John Norfleet, (whites)

Forsyth.—E. B. Teague, Dr. J. L. Johnson, (whites.)

Franklin.—John E. Thomas, (white.)

Gaston.—D. A. Jenkins, Dr. W. Sloan, (whites;) and James Rhyne, (colored.)

Granville.—John Peed, Dr. E. Grissom, (whites.)

Northampton.—Jno. B. Odom, (white); J. H. Longford, B. H. Jones, (colored.)

Orange.—M. J. W. McCauley, (white,) Caldwell Wilson, (colored.)

Pasquotank.—C. C. Pool, (white.)

Person.—Dr. C. H. Jordan, (white.)

Polk.—N. B. Hampton, (white.)

Randolph.—J. Ashworth, M. Robbins, (white); Thos. Potter, (colored.)

Richmond.—Alfred Dockery, (white.)

Rowan.—S. H. Wiley, J. J. Helper, (white.)

Robeson.—Jas. Sinclair, (white.)

Rockingham.—Thos. Settle, (white.)

Rutherford.—G. W. Logan, N. Scoggin, C. L. Harris, (whites); V. Michael, (colored.)

Stanly.—L. C. Morton, (white.)

Stokes.—A. H. Joyce, W. Estes, J. J. Martin, (whites.)

Surry.—Saml. Forkner, (white.)

Wake.—W. W. Holden, W. R. Richardson, J. C. L. Harris, J. F. Taylor, W. D. Jones, Jefferson Fisher, R. R. Ferrell, J. W. Holden, B. S. D. Williams, Jacob Sorrell, C. J. Rogers, David Peed, A. L. Davis, B. T. Strickland, J. J. Overby, (whites;) and Jas. Henry Harris, G. W. Brodie, W. Warwick, J. R. Caswell, H. B. Lockett, F. S. Pierson, Jr., Ransom Avery, (colored.)

Washington.—J. A. Melson, (white.)

Warren.—D. R. Goodloe, (white); Wm. Cawthorne, John Hyman, A. Berges, (colored.)

Wayne.—Jno. Robinson, T. A. Deans, C. H. Brogden, (whites;) Jno. R. Goode, G. R. Green, C. J. Brown, (colored)

Wilkes.—C. J. Cowles, Capt. J. Q. A. Bryan, (whites.)

Wilson.—G. W. Stanton, (white.)

Yadkin.—T. M. Vestal, (white.)

Washington City, D. C.—Dr. R. J. Powell, B. S. Hedrick, (whites.)

"On motion of Mr. Grissom, a committee on credentials was raised, consisting of Messrs. Grissom, Cowles, Henderson, and Jenkins, [whites]; and Messrs. Harris, Goode, and Smith, [colored.] The Committee retired, when

Mr. Dick, of Guilford, moved that a committee of eight—four of each race—be appointed to designate officers for the permanent organization of the Convention."

"The motion of Mr. Dick was adopted after some further remarks.

The President then appointed Messrs. D. A. Jenkins, John Robinson, H. Adams, E. B. Teague, [whites]; and G. W. Brodie, H. C. Lockett, Jas. Bowman and John Hyman, [colored,] the committee on permanent organization."

Mr. C. J. Rogers' ex-c occasioned a good deal of discussion; also the designation of the party name.

"Mr. Jenkins, chairman of the committee on permanent organization, reported that the committee had agreed upon officers for the Convention and asked leave to report, which being granted,

He announced the name of Hon. A. H. Jones, of Henderson County, for President, and

Messrs. D. Heaton, of Craven, and Dr. O. P. Hadley, of Richmond, Vice Presidents, on the part of the whites; and

Messrs. James H. Harris, of Wake, and J. R. Goode, of Craven, Vice Presidents on the part of the colored people; and

Dr. H. J. Menninger, of Craven, (white) and J. E. O'Hara, of Wayne, (colored) for Secretaries.

The report was unanimously adopted, when

Messrs. Sloan of Gaston and Harris of Wake, were appointed to conduct the President to the chair. The other officers being seated,

Mr. Jones addressed the Convention.

Mr. Settle moved that a committee of twenty be appointed by the President, ten of each race, to draft resolutions, and to whom should be referred all matters pertaining to reconstruction, after being read, without debate.

The President then announced the following gentlemen a committee on resolutions, &c., to wit: Messrs. Thos. Settle, B. S. Hedrick, D. M. Carter, R. P. Dick, E. Grissom, C. L. Harris, Alfred Dockery, C. R. Thomas, J. W. Holden, John B. Odom, (white) and Messrs. Jas. Bowman, J. S. Leary, J. W. Hood, C. W. Brodie, W. M. Cawthorn, F. Miller, J. R. Caswell, H. B. Lockett, W. I. Smith and H. Unthanks, (colored.)

The parliamentary rules in usage by the House of Commons were then adopted for the government of this body

The Convention then adjourned until 7½ o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

The Convention was called to order pursuant to adjournment, the President occupying the Chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hood, colored delegate from Cumberland.

The minutes of the morning session were read and approved."

The most of the time was consumed in hearing speeches. The platform we will publish to-morrow.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED!!

In order to place Photographs within the reach of everybody, and thereby increase my business, I have

REDUCED THE PRICE

of Photographs one fourth.

Now is the time. Call early.

J. W. WATSON.

mar 28-197-tf

CORN! CORN! CORN!

I have on hand a lot of Prime WHITE CORN, which I am selling at the lowest market price.

March 28—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

MEAL! MEAL! MEAL!

In quantities to suit purchasers FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL. Just received by

March 28—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CHOICE VIRGINIA HAMS.

A choice lot of No. 1 VIRGINIA HAMS, just received and for sale low, by

March 28—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

BALTIMORE FAMILY FLOUR.

A few barrels Baltimore FAMILY FLOUR just received at DOUGLAS BELL'S,

March 28—tf Market Square.

A CARD.

Bear in mind the following facts:

1st. Our House is the oldest Dry Goods Establishment in the city,—our Junior member having been in the business nearly 20 years;

2nd. We keep one of our firm constantly in the Northern markets.

3rd. He is well posted as to quality and price of goods.

4th. We buy *for cash*; and buy goods lower by doing so.

5th. We know the wants of our customers and our goods please them.

6th. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

7th. We do a live business—don't keep any dead stock on hand.

8th. It is a notorious fact that we buy the best quality of goods: and sell them at low prices.

9th. We attend strictly to our business.

10th. We sell goods for cash.

11th. If we make anything, it is spent in the *improvement of our city.*

12th. *We dont keep any groceries.*

Are not the above 12 good reasons why you should buy your Dry Goods of us?

We had hoped to have carried our beautiful Spring stock to our new Store, but owing to the bad weather, have been delayed. We will sell it out at our old stand.

We can truthfully say that a handsomer stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS

has never been offered in this market.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

Ladies,' Misses' and Infants' Hats.

A SUPERB STOCK CONSISTING OF

STRAW LACE DRIVERS,
SPLIT STRAW STAES,
11 END ROLL
CANTON SONTAG,
PEDAL,
RISTORI,
PATTI
CANTON ALMA,
PEDAL GLADIATOR &c., &c.,

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

Parasols! Parasols! Parasols!

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats.

A FULL Stock of Hats for the Spring Trade.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

Teeth Extracted Without Pain

I shall be prepared, on the first of April, to extract teeth, without pain, by a new process of local anesthesia. P. BABCOCK.

Raleigh, mar 26-195-3t*

LUCK IS A FORTUNE.

Last week, prints and other dry Goods fell in New York from 1½ to 2 cents pr. yd. We bought a large stock. Since then prices have again advanced; This may be called Luck; if so, our customers shall also be in Luck by having the benefit of our cheap purchases.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL.

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Dealers in Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

Feb 6-154-6m

Planting Potatoes.

500 Bis. Folialess "Mercer," "Peach Blow" and "Jackson White"—for sale by

WILLARD BROS.

mar 9-175-tf Wilmington, N. C.

New Crop Molasses.

119 Hhds and Tierces, New Crop Cuba Molasses, For Sale by

WILLARD BROS.

mar 9-175-3w Wilmington, N. C.

Wanted.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION as Teacher, in a private family, or school.

Address,

MISS LOUISE TRACY,

mar 9-175-w Wilmington, N. C.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have formed a *limited partnership*, in accordance with acts of the Legislature of 1860-'61, entitled "Limited Partnership," Chapter 28, for five years, to date from Jan. 1st. 1867, and to terminate Jan. 1st. 1872. The nature of the business to be transacted is a general wholesale and Commission business in the city of Wilmington. James A. Willard and A. A. Willard, of the city of Wilmington are the general partners and as such has contributed and paid in to the capital stock the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) in cash.

JAS. A. WILLARD, } General.
A. A. WILLARD, }
W. H. WILLARD, Special Partner.

mar 2-175-1m Wilmington, N. C.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Morning Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

Washington, March 28, P. M.

In the *Senate*, resolutions of the Republican Convention of Maryland, asking for a Republican government, were referred to the Judiciary committee.

The bill authorizing the Secretary of War to employ two dredge boats, to keep open the mouth of the Mississippi, passed, and goes to the President.

A bill, confirming tax sales in South Carolina to soldiers, sailors and members of the marine corps, passed.

The adjournment was discussed incidentally.

The constitutional amendment was urged, proclaiming universal suffrage throughout the Union. The proposition met with little favor. It was argued, that, if let alone, the States would soon adopt negro suffrage, whereas if coercion of the North was attempted the people would become stubborn.

A majority of the Senate seemed imprehensive of the President's failure to execute the laws.

A concurrent resolution was adopted that the respective officers adjourn both bodies, on Saturday, to the first Wednesday in July. Then, unless otherwise ordered, to adjourn the first session *sine die.*

In the *House*, the Maryland Republican resolutions were presented.

Mr. Thomas said that there is intense excitement in Maryland, but he doubted its leading to bloodshed. He denied that any republican government existed in Maryland. Mr. Thomas argued the right of Congress to seize the State, and particularly, as it lay around the District, and to pass an enabling act, thus guaranteeing equal rights.

Mr. Brooks argued elaborately against the right of Congressional interference, and asserted that, in Tennessee and Missouri, there was no more republicanism than in Egypt.

The resolutions were referred to the Judiciary committee.

The consideration of adjournment was resumed.

A resolution was adopted, to adjourn at noon to-morrow, to the first Monday in June.

The select committee on Southern Railroads consists of McClung, Mercer, Washburne, of Indiana, Chandler and Sawyer.

A joint resolution, making eight hours a day's work for government laborers, passed.

Concurrence in the Senate's adjournment resolution was refused, and a committee of conference asked.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

New York, March 28, P. M.

Cotton steady and active; sales of 3000 bales at 30@31.

Flour dull. State $9,80@12,95. Southern heavy; mixed to good $11,25@12,80.

Wheat dull.

Corn advanced. Mixed Western $1,16@1,20.

Mess pork firmer.

Baltimore, March 28, P. M.

Cotton dull; middling uplands 29@30.

Corn active; white $1,09@1111. Yellow $1,08. Mixed $1,03.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

TENNESSEE CONSERVATIVES.

Nashville, March 29.

The leading Conservatives propose inviting negro voters to participate in the preliminary political meetings, and to send delegates to the nominating Convention.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 28.

The Senate, yesterday, confirmed 99, and rejected 52 civil nominations.

Gen. Lovell H. Rousseau has been nominated as the successor of Brig. Gen. Rosecrans.

The Postmaster General has ordered an increase of pay of Post Office clerkships, of a thousand dollars and under, twenty per cent., and over a thousand, ten per cent.

Route Agents and carriers twenty per cent.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

New York, March 29.

Cotton dull; middling 30¢

Gold $1,34¼

Virginia sixes 61@65

Liverpool, March 28 P. M.

Cotton closed dull and heavy; declined ¼d.—Uplands 13¼. Orleans 13¾. Sales 10,000 bales.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 23) (Silver 26) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	5
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	40
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	40
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	13
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	50
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	38
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	21
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	4
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	93
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Newbern, March 26.—Cotton (tax unpaid) 22@23. Flour $9,50@$19. Spirits Turpentine (tax paid) 56c. Rosin $2@$5. Mess Pork $23@$26. Corn 95c.@$1. Shingles $3,50@$5,50 per M.

Fayetteville, March 27.—Bacon 15@17. Beef 8@10. Butter 20@30. Cotton 26@27½. Cotton Yarns $2,4-6@2,50. 4-4 Sheetings 18@20. Flour, family, $14@$15,50; superfine $14@$15. Turpentine $3,50@$5.

Wilmington, March 26.—Turpentine, $4 for yellow dip and $2,75 for hard, per 280 lbs. Spirits 71 cts. per gal. Rosin $3,50@$10,50. Tar $1,75 per bbl. Cotton 27½@28.

Petersburg, March 26.—Cotton 26@27. Tobacco, Lugs $3,50@$12; Leaf $4@$60, according to quality. Bacon, Western, 12½@14c. Fertilizers—prices varying, according to quality, from $40@$90 per ton.

Norfolk and Portsmouth, March 26.—Bacon, Va. and N. C., 13@15. Cotton 27@29. Flour $11@$18. Herrings, N. C. cut, $10. Corn, $1,14@1,07. Molasses 55@60. Staves $35@$100 per M.

SPECIAL NOTICES

50 LBS., ZEPHYR AT 25 CT., PER OUNCE, AT M ROSENBAUM'S.

A FINE LOT OF LADIES FURS 25 PER cent less than cost, at

Feb 9-157-tf M. ROSENBAUM'S.

2 CASES GENTS FINE FRENCH CALF Boots warranted hand sewed, at $5.00 a pair. At, M. ROSENBAUM'S.

Feb 9-157-tf

500 PAIRS LADIES SEWED SHOES AT $1.50 a pair at,

Feb 9-157-tf M. ROSENBAUM'S.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA

FOR

HORACE L. EMERY & SONS' PATENT Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, Lever and Railway Horse Powers;

Ingersoll's Cotton and Hay Presses,

The most improved Cotton Planters and Hoes.

March 28—tf

MIKE LIPMAN'S

COLOSSAL CIRCUS

AND TRAINED ANIMALS!

REORGANIZED AT NEW ORLEANS FOR THE SEASON OF 1867.

New Canvass, Trappings, Wardrobes, &c.

The most meritorious and attractive concern ever organized.

The managers, having every facility at their disposal, capital at their command, and a knowledge of what style of entertainment would suit the people, and meet the approbation and cordial support of the *intellectual, refined, and religious* portion of the community, determined to form an institution of which they can be justly proud, and that would enable them to rest assured that when their manifold attractions were presented, and had been seen, that full satisfaction would be given to and acknowledged by their patrons.

EDUCATED SACRED BULL

DON JUAN.

TALENT, WONDER, NOVELTY.

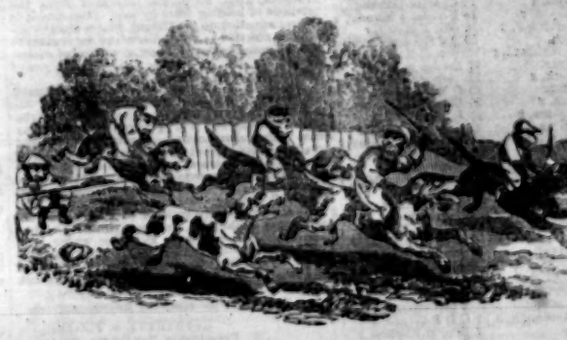
SUPERIORITY IN EVERY DEPARTMENT!

Are salient points plainly discernible in the **GREAT SHOW** throughout the South and West, from New Orleans to Richmond, in all the principal cities and towns. In Louisiana, Alabama, South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia, Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee it has met with marked success, and its progress has been a triumphant march.

CHASTE & MODEST EQUESTRIENNES,

Dashing Bold Riders.

PROTEAN AND SCENIC EQUESTRAINS,



GIFTED VAULTERS.

MARVELLOUS LEAPERS!!

AGILE TUMBLERS! SURPRISING GYMNASTS!!

ORIGINAL CLOWNS!

MAGNIFICENT HORSES, PRETTY PONIES, FUNNY MULES,

Splendid Dresses, Costumes, Manuscripts and Properties. This Exhibition is now deemed the

Best Combination of Modern Times.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

RALEIGH, FRIDAY, APRIL 5TH.

THE GRAND PROCESSION will be given daily at 11 o'clock, A. M., and will, without exception, be found to be the largest and most gorgeous pageant ever given as a public gratuity. Led by Heralds and Marshals, a long caravan of **MOUNTED KNIGHTS** attending the **LADIES OF THE COURT,** attired in Robes of Regal Splendor. Succeeding this will come the

Beautiful Band Car, Containing Eckhart's Metropolitan Brass Band.

The finest Orchestra, ever attached to a travelling establishment. This will be followed by the long list of animated Splendors, and will terminate with the bloodied, highly trained, acting Horses, the Elfin Ponies and Mules. Witness the following list, comprising only a portion of the performers forming the Great Congress of Artists ever vested with the Model Exhibition of the Nineteenth Century:

THE CELEBRATED BRIDGES FAMILY.

Madam Helen Bridges, Premier Equestrienne from Batty's Royal Amphitheatre, London.

Miss Fanny Bridges, the Graceful and Brilliant Artist, on the Elastic Rope, who stands above all other competers.

Mr. John Bridges, Master of the Ring, and Equestrian Director, also from Batty's great Establishment.

Mr. Edwin Chouteau, the Original Conversationalist, late of Lent's Circus, who is the very embodiment of Humor, Mirth and Wit, will always appear and relate some anecdotes, tell several happy stories, and crack a number of telling jokes, that must please those who can appreciate and enjoy clever things well told, ably portrayed and vividly delineated.

Mr. George Batchelor, the Great Vaulter and Leaper of the Age, will execute his Flying Leaps through the air, and finish with his Double Somersault.

Harry Cadona, the most Versatile Performer in the world, will, at each performance, give his inimitable Somersault act, through balloons, canvass, &c., &c.,

Mr. William Donaldson, the celebrated delineator of Negro Eccentricities, and Ethiopian Clown.

Ashton and Winnie, the astounding Gymnasts. Bold, Hunting, the Double Somersaulter and Lightning Leaper. Monte Wills Cobb, and his wonderful trained Dogs and Goats. Wm. Morgan, the Wild Horseman of the Plains. John Naylor, the most affable of Ring Masters. Mr. H. Jennings, Scenic Equestrian. Prof. Thompson, Trainer of Animals. Wm. Smith, Mr. Powers, Mr. Somers, Mr. Sheppard, and a host of Acrobats, Tumblers, Gymnasts, Equines, and Auxiliaries, Acting Bears, Sacred Bulls, Performing Dogs, etc., forming the largest and greatest variety of Performances ever given by any travelling Troupe.

ADMISSION 75 CENTS. Children under 10 years of age, 50 cents; Separate seats for colored persons 50 cents. Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock; Performance commences an hour after.

Will also exhibit at Charlotte, Monday, April 1; Greensboro, Wednesday April 3d; Company Shops, Thursday, April 4th; Goldsboro, Saturday, April 6th.

mar 26-197-7dlaw

EDUCATIONAL.

RITTHELL'S SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE,

GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

Within a half Mile of Kittrell's Depot, on the Raleigh & Weldon Railroad.

FACULTY:

REV. C. R. RIDDICK, President, Professor Belles Lettres.
REV. J. S. R. CLARKE, Chaplain, and Prof. Men. and Moral Philosophy.
REV. JOSEPH H. RIDDICK, Prof. Anc. Languages.
WILL. LOFTIN HARGRAVE, A. M., Professor Music and Modern Languages.
THOS. A. GATCH, A. M., Professor Mathematics and Natural Sciences.
Miss BETTIE A. THACKSTON, Higher English and Academic Department.
Miss E. ROSA THACKSTON, Ornamental Department.
Miss LUCY A. FOSTER, Piano.
Miss MARY A. CUNNINGHAM, Piano.
Miss BLANCHE FENTRESS, Piano and Guitar.
Miss AMANDA HICKS, Piano.
——— ——— Organ & Solfeggios.
——— ——— Matron.
Col. SIMON G. HAYS, Domestic Department.
THOS C. HINES, M. D., Resident Physician.

The Fall Session of this Institution closed 23rd. day of December. The spring Session opened the 1st. Wednesday in January, and will continue 20 weeks.

The success of this school has been without a parallel. A new building has just been completed, by which a large additional number can be accommodated. We are determined to make our pupils as comfortable as they can be made anywhere, and to afford them all the advantage for a thorough and extensive education, that can be found at any First-class Female College, North or South.

The location is a most delightful one. The Mineral Water is too well known to the whole country to need a remark. Even invalid young ladies may secure a thorough education, and at the same time the restoration of their health. Reference is made to every intelligent Physician in the State, as well as to the hundreds who have found relief here.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required.—*In the single item of dress parents can save 25 per cent. of the entire expense incurred by sending to Boarding Schools located in cities or villages.*—This Institution is certainly one of the cheapest and most easy of access in the Southern States.—Besides, it offers the most superior advantages in every respect.

For particulars address,

REV. C. R. RIDDICK,
Feb 2-151-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

BOOK STORE.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVING FROM THE NORTH A LARGE supply of

SCHOOL BOOKS,
STATIONERY
BLANK BOOKS,

Inks, Pens and Fancy articles. All cheap for the times. Call and see.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

Jan 23-2wood Raleigh, N. C.

JUST ARRIVED,

INKS! INKS!! INKS!!!

In Bottles of various size—best quality.

ALSO,

Blank Books, and a great variety of School Books.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Feb 25-170-tf

GARDEN SEEDS—LANDRETH'S BEST fresh and Genuine at

Feb 21-166-tf BRANSON & FARRAR.

AGENT OF FAYETTEVILLE INSURANCE COMPANY. L. BRANSON, at

Feb 21-166-tf BRANSON & FARRAR.

JUST ARRIVED,

Chitty's Blackstone.
Wendell's Do.
Adams' Equity.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

mar 14-181-tf

NOTE BOOKS, JUST RECEIVED.

SOUTHERN HARMONY
CHRISTIAN MINSTREL, AND
THE JUBILEE.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Raleigh, N. C. March 19-183-tf

DUFF'S BOOK-KEEPING.

Just received at the North Carolina Bookstore.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

mar 19-188-tf

BRONSON'S ELOCUTION,

At the N. C. Book-store.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

mar 19-188-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

READ THIS!

MRS. FRANKLIN

BEGS LEAVE to inform her friends and patrons, and the public, that she is now receiving her Spring and Summer stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

and would be pleased to show them to any person in want of such goods.

She pledges herself to sell as cheap as the same can be had in this market.

BLEACHING, PRESSING AND DYING done at short notice, opposite Court House.

MRS. J. B. FRANKLIN.

mar-16 3awtw.

Progress and Standard copy.

AN ELEGANT SERIES OF MUSIC BOOKS

For the Piano-Forte.

THE HOME CIRCLE, A COLLECTION OF Instrumental Music for the Piano. 2 Volumes. One Pianist's Album. A new Collection forming the third volume of the "Home Circle." The Silver Chord, Songs, Ballads, Quartets, Duets, &c. Piano Accompaniment. Shower of Pearls, Vocal Duets for 2 Sopranos, Soprano and Alto, soprano and Tenor, soprano and Bass, and Tenor and Bass. Piano Acc. Gems of German Song German and English Words. Piano Acc., 2 vol. Gems of Scottish Songs. Scotch Songs and Ballads, Piano Acc. Gems of sacred Song. Sabbath songs and Select Home Ballads, Piano Acc., Operatic Pearls, Songs, Quartets, Duets, Trios, &c., from the principal Operas.

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mar 21-190-4t Publishers, Boston.

FARM FOR RENT!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RENT, FOR THE present year, a

THREE HORSE FARM,

situated six miles east of Raleigh, (my present residence.)

I will furnish the teams for the cultivation of the Farm.

For terms, &c., apply to

W. R. POOLE.

Raleigh, mar 26-196-1w*

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

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RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in Store, and many little nicetios that will repay inspection.

Cash GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.

Feb 26-170-3m

THE SENTINEL.

FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1867.

A LITTLE DEAD CHILD.

"Tis a beautiful face with violet eyes
And rings of golden hair,
And a mouth whose rosebuds almost seem
A perfume on the air;
The beautiful face of a little dead child,
That comes to me o'er and o'er,
And shines in my heart as a star might shine
Over a blossomless shore.

It shines in my heart till I almost think
A presence brightens the face,
As if she had said in her upward flight:
"I go to prepare a place;
I go to plead, with the eyes of a child,
For souls enslaved by sin,
The Christ may grant at the pearl white gates
Abundant entrance in."

O beautiful face, with violet eyes,
The paths of earth are rough;
So the angels said, in their tender love:
"Her life is long enough.
We will take the child while her soul is pure
As an instant's evening prayer,
And a shining crown we will weave for the rings
Of her waving sun-bright hair.

And golden harp, with musical strings,
Attuned to heavenly airs,
We will give the child that she may not hear
The wail of human prayers.
We will close her eyes ere the hot tears dim
Their clear unclouded blue,
Or wear from the delicate cheek and lip
Their tender, roseate hue.

The tottering feet, in love, we will spare
A weary journey through life.
We will take the child, with her golden hair,
From the earthly fields of strife.
We will take the child, and her pure little face
Shall plead for her loved below,
That Christ will prepare for their souls a place
After their human woe."

Yet, beautiful child, a shadowy thing
Life seems when a gravestone stands
With a record mute as a broken string
In the grasp of phantom hands.
The all that's left of an idolized face,
Oh! mockery cold and bare,
As the chill rebuff of infinite space
To a wild, unanswered prayer.

At a recent meeting of a parish, a most exemplary curate submitted a report in writing of the destitute widows and others who stood in need of assistance from the parish. "Are you sure, reverend sir," asked another solemn brother, "that you have embraced all the widows?" He said he believed he had.

A gentleman was asked by Mrs. Woffington what difference there was between her and her watch; to which he instantly replied: "Your watch, madam, makes us remember the hours, and you make us forget them."

A traveler, when asked whether, in his youth, he had gone through Euclid, was not quite sure, but he thought it was a small village between Buffalo and Erie.

A recent lecturer tells of a London cabman with whom he conversed, who had never heard of Cobden or Washington, but who knew all about "Jack Heenan, who was walloped by Tom Sayers."

A reverend divine who was about a so-and-so preacher, being called upon accidentally for a sermon, asked a friend what he should preach about; to which the other replied "about five minutes."

A priest said to a peasant whom he considered rude: "You are better fed than taught."

"Should think I was," replied the clod-hopper, "as I feeds myself, and you teaches me."

"Vegetable pills!" exclaimed an old lady "don't talk to me of such stuff. The best vegetable bill ever made is an apple dumpling. For destroying a gnawing of the stomach there's nothing like it."

Intelligent pet—"Ma, dear, what do the play the organ so loud for when church over? Is it to wake us up."

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Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

Feb 7-185-3m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

There will be a vessel to sail from the port of Wilmington, on or about the third of April, to Bindad Bolivia, Venezuela, for the purpose of taking out any emigrants that may go to look or lease. Passage $68 in coin or its equivalent.

I have land titles to give to all Confederate soldiers, (1280 acres,) who will go, and passage for the above $68. I have reserved stock to sell to any other person for $168, including passage out.

I will say, for the information of parties that there have left for Venezuela, since November last, the rise of 2,100 emigrants.

Dr. H. M. Price, and some of the Directors, are now on their way out to hold elections and frame the government.

There have been 40,000 shares of stock in this Company sold to a banking-house in England, which will soon enable the Company to carry into effect their design of putting on a line of Steamers from the Southern States to Bolivia. This town has about 7,000 inhabitants, one half of whom are English. Mules and oxen can be purchased very low.

For further information write me at Raleigh.

SAML. ROWLAND.

P. S. Dr. H. M. Price, the grantee and a resident of Virginia for years, is my authority for the above.

mar 11-180-6tswtA1

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

50,000 LBS. OF NICE, CLEAN, PURE ice from fresh running Streams, for sale at 2½ cents per lb. Apply to,

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Feb 28-171-tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

CHESNUT STREET,

OPPOSITE OLD INDEPENDENCE HALL,

PHILADELPHIA.

S. M. HEULINGS,

Jan 13—3m PROPRIETOR.

SALE POSTPONED.

The sale of the perishable property of the late Martha M. Green, deceased will take place at her late residence, on Friday, the 5th day of April, if fair, or the first fair day thereafter.

Terms made known on day of sale.

L. M. GREEN, Admr.

mar 25-181-tds

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

[Radical members marked "R;" Conservatives marked "C."

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James Dixon, c	Alex Ramsey, r
Orris S Ferry, r	Dan'l S Norton, c
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Cornelius Cole, r	Jas W Patterson, r
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4 A I Harding, r	10 James M Ashley, r
5 E C Ingersoll, r	11 John T Wilson, r
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7 H P H Bromwell, r	13 G W Morgan c
8 Shelby McCullum, r	14 Martin Welker, r
9 Lewis W Ross, c	15 Tobias A Plants, r
10 A G Burr, c	16 John A Bingham, r
11 Sam'l Marshall, c	17 Ephraim R Eckley, r
12 John Baker, r	18 Rufus P Spalding r
13 G B Beam, r	19 James A Garfield, r
1 large, J A Logan, r	
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2 Michael C Kerr, c	**PENNSYLVANIA.**
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2 Sidney Perham, r	21 John Covode, r
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4 John A Peters, r	23 Thomas Williams, r
5 Frederick A Pike, r	24 G V Lawrence, r
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2 Oakes Ames, r	2 Lake Poland, r
3 Emery Iwitchell, r	3 W C Smith, r
4 Sam'l Hooper, r	**WISCONSIN**
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6 Nat P Banks, r	2 Benj F Hopkins, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r	3 Amasa Cobb, r
8 John B Baldwin, r	4 Chas A Eldridge, c
9 W B Washburne, r	5 Philetus Sawyer, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r	6 C C Washburne, r
MARYLAND.	**WEST VIRGINIA.**
1 Hiram McCullough, c	1 C D Hubbard, r
2 S Arthur, c	2 Benj M Kitchen, r
3 C E Phelps, c	3 Daniel Polsey, r
4 Francis Thomas, r	
5 Frederick Stone, c	

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr. Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr. Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VALUABLE LANDS AND MILLS FOR SALE.

NOT being able to attend to my Mills and Farms on Little River, I now offer them for sale. They are located 3 miles above Lowell Cotton Factory and 5 miles from the N. C. R. Road in Johnston County. The said tract contains about

800 ACRES

well timbered land, containing enough open land for a 3 or 4 horse Farm, with a comfortable dwelling and all necessary out houses requisite to a farm.

The soil is well adapted to the growth of Cotton and Corn, with ample facility for improvement.

Also, connected with said farm a GRIST MILL, with two pair of stones, and a SAW MILL, all in running order, with water power enough to drive a Cotton Factory!

Also, one other tract, lying on Buffalo Swamp, containing about 300 acres cleared land, enough for a 5 or 6 horse Farm, with low grounds drained by a twenty feet canal with all other ditches necessary. Will make if well cultivated, 400 or 500 barrels of corn. The upland is well adapted to the growth of Cotton and Corn, with every facility for improvement.

PHARAOH RICHARDSON.

Mitchners Depot, N. C., mar 22-190-1m

AUCTION,

AND

GROCERY BUSINESS.

I HAVE AGAIN CONNECTED WITH MY FAMILY Grocery the auction business and solicit consignments of articles of every kind either at public or private Sale.

All business entrusted to me shall be promptly attended to.

L. W. PECK.

Jan 28-145-2awd2m

FRESH FIELD SEEDS.

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co, Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Feb20-163-tf Auctioneer.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 24, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution and government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United states, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United states; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United states against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

FERTILIZERS.

PERUVIAN GUANO SUBSTITUTE!

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RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

Manufactured under the formula originated in 1854 and patented by

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This old established MANURE is manufactured from Bones that have not been burned or steamed and it contains all their original organic matter. It is active in its operation, and is a fertilizer of great durability. It does not exhaust the soil like Peruvian Guano, but on the contrary permanently improves it.

Previous to 1861 it was introduced into the Southern States to considerable extent, and again in 1865, where it has been used with remarkable success upon

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A trial will convince any planter of its merits. Pamphlets containing well-know Southern evidence furnished upon application to New York or Philadelphia offices.

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GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENTS,

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FOR SALE BY

JAMES M. TOWLES,

Jan. 4—dwkswdm. Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

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We are prepared to do all kinds of

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Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country. Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

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At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

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To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one thousand pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

D. W. C. BENBOW,

Wholesale & Retail Grocer and Produce Dealer,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

CAN SELL NAILS, IN LOTS OF FIVE TO Twenty-five kegs, as low as can be bought of manufacture and freight added.

He is also agent for WHEELER & MILLICK'S THRASHER AND CLEANER, so favorably known in this State.

mar 15-185-1w*

THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

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RALEIGH, N. C.

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The house will be

"Repainted and Furnished

with new and elegant furniture at once.

I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city.

I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.

J. M. BLAIR.

mar 21-199-tf

N. C. HAY.

20 BALES prime N. Carolina Hay in Store and for sale cheap.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Feb 25-171-tf Auctioneer.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 18th., 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS received from the Department, all persons residing in the 4th Division, 4th District of N. C., will make returns, at once, of income for the year 1866, and Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate, &c., held March 1st 1867.

All persons failing to appear and make returns by the 30th day of April, 1867, subject themselves to a penalty of 5 per cent. per month until given in and paid.

I will be in my Office, on Market Square, over Stronach's Store, until after April Court.

J. G. BROMELL,
Assistant Assessor 4th Division, 4th District of N. C.
mar-18-187-4d.

CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS, &c.

Just receiving as Agent, direct from the manufacturers, and sold at their prices, adding cost of transportation:

Sinclair's celebrated Corn Planter.
Smith's Virginia Ditto.
Lancaster and Herno Cotton Planters.
Montgomery's Maryland Cutting Knife.
Sinclair's Propeller ditto.
Smith's Virginia. Do
Marsh's new Cotton Plow, Corn Shellers, Cultivators and Harrows.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
mar 13-181-tf Agent.

SMOKING and Chewing Tobacco.

at R. K. PERRELL'S.

Dec17-tf

Petersburg Advertisements.

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

ATTRACTIVE STOCK.

McILWAINE & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

Dry Goods, Notions & Clothing,

NO. 79 SYCAMORE, and

NO. 1 TABB STREETS,

PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA,

Take pleasure in announcing to the trade that they have in store, ready for exhibition, a large assortment of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

embracing all articles usually kept in wholesale establishments. Their long business experience with the merchants of

Virginia and North Carolina,

has made them familiar with their wants; this, together with the advantages they possess in purchasing their supplies, enables them to offer goods at such prices as will insure satisfaction. They specially invite the attention of buyers to their extensive stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

manufactured expressly to their own order, which for style, workmanship and cheapness cannot be surpassed. They would also call attention to a full line of

NOTIONS,

All of which will be offered to purchasers on the very best terms, by Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeece, who have charge of the department.

McILWAINE & CO.,
No. 79 Sycamore and No. 1 Tabb Streets.
mar 20-189-3m

NOTICE.

1867. NEW SPRING GOODS, 1867.

$40,000.00.

Forty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF THE MOST DESIRABLE AND

FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET, NOW OPENING AT

SMITH'S, 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS BEING now more than ever my firm conviction of the true way to success, I am determined to pursue this course, and as advertising is only effectual when it is real, I am also determined to advertise only such goods as are really on hand and in stock. Independent of the large stock of

DRY GOODS,

I have added a large stock of Cocoa and Straw Matting, Oil Cloths, Carpets, Lace and Damask Curtains, Table and Piano Covers, Lace Tidies, Bleached and Unbleached Satin-Damask and Snow-drop Table Linen, Napkins, Doilies Towels, Huckaback Linen Diapers, Diaper and Birds-eye Diapers in great variety. All kinds of white goods—such as Dressed and Undressed Jackonets and Cambric, Checked Muslins, Nainsooks—plain and checked, Mull-Muslins, Swisses, plain, checked, dot ed and embroidered, Organdies and Granadines, Book Muslins, Tarletons—white and colored.

Also, a full assortment of LACES AND EMBROIDERIES, from the finest real Point Lace Collar, worth $25, to the lowest Imitation lace, worth 25 cents. A full assortment of Bands, Edging and Flouncings—Cambric, Jackonet, Nainsook and Linen.

Also, the most extensive stock of IRISH LINEN in Virginia.

Full lines of Linen and Muslin HANDKERCHIEFS, in plain hemstitched and fancy; do. embroidered and Lace trimmed, from 25 cents to $12,50 each.

The most complete stock of Spring MANTLES ever offered in this market, is now opened, embracing some forty different styles, and all new. This cannot fail to be a most interesting feature of our business to the ladies.

The stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, embraces all the new fabrics to be found at the most reasonable rates.

The SILK stock is far larger than any in the State, and commands our especial attention.—The encomiums the ladies have heretofore passed on this stock, as compared with anything they had seen, leaves us without anything to say, more than it is now larger and more complete than it has ever been. No lady wishing to buy Silks should do so, without first examining this stock.

The assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND LINEN GOODS, for Spring wear, is entirely complete, embracing the largest Stock of its kind, and at the most moderate prices.

The largest and finest stock of GLOVES AND HOSIERY ever offered, is now being opened, embracing everything in the line, from the finest Alexander's Kid gloves, to the lowest grades.—Hosiery in endless variety, embracing every kind and for every age.

I have also added the most complete assortment of SMALL WARES, NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

The WHOLESALE STOCK is complete in every respect, and is the largest I have ever offered, being bought exclusively for Cash.

Great inducements will be offered for the Cash.

Samples will be sent by mail free of charge on application, with prices marked on each, thereby enabling those who cannot visit our city, to make their selections at home—at as low prices as if they were present.

THOMAS SMITH.

mar 13-182-tf

No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO,

250 TONS,

FOR SALE BY

RAINE & JACKSONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

mar 19-187-1w

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUND.

IN THE CITY OF RALEIGH, MARCH 25th, 1867, a SUM OF MONEY, which the owner can have by describing the same and paying for this advertisement.

E. E. HARRIS,
mar 25-195-2t* Assistant Constable.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867

20 doz. Mill Saw Files, assorted, 8 to 14 Inches.
50 " Cut Tacks, assorted, 2½ to 18 oz.

ALSO,

Curry Combs, Horse, Shoe and Scrub Brushes, Bed and Plate Castors.

Wholesale and Retail.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, March 25-193-tf With HART & LEWIS.

NEW ARRIVAL KEROSENE LAMPS.

TIN, Bronzed, Gilt and Glass Hand Lamps, Dining Room and Parlor Lamps, all complete.

ALSO,

Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, mar 22-191-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. SPRING 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

No. 258 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE,

offer a large and handsome stock, to which they ask the

ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.

mar 21-190-3m*

DRY GOODS.

1867. SPRING STYLES. 1867.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW OPENING a complete and beautiful assortment of

PRINTED MUSLINS, JACONETS,
FRENCH AND LINEN LAWNS,
PERCALES, BRILLIANTS,
GRENADINES AND POPLINS,
EMBROIDERED SWISS,
FIGURED ORGANDIES &c., &c.

PRINTS! PRINTS!!

100 Pieces Latest Styles.

MOROCCO AND KID BOOTS,
CONGRESS GAITERS FOR LADIES AND MISSES—MILES' MAKE.

These goods have just been purchased and we will sell them very cheap for cash only. Come and see us.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

mar 15-186-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

IMPORTED CIGARS.

10,000, fine Cigars, cheap to close consignment.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
mar 5-176-tf Wholesale Grocers.

JUST RECEIVED.

Salmon in Kitts.
No. 1 Mackerel.
Fresh Oysters in 1 and 2 lb. cans.
Lobsters and Sardines.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
mar 5-176-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SHOT AND POWDER,—In large quantity, just to hand.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
mar 5-176-tf Wholesale Grocers.

COFFEE! COFFEE!!

50 Bags Rio, Java and Ceylon Coffee, just received and for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
mar 20-189-tf Wholesale Grocers.

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS.

WE ARE RECEIVING ON CONSIGNMENT a large and varied Stock of

HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS, BONNETS, &c.
&c. &c. &c.

These goods will be ready for inspection by Merchants in a few days, and will be sold low for cash; and if not sold soon privately, will be offered at Auction, of which due notice will be given.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
mar 25-193-tf Wholesale Grocers.

IRON, NAILS AND SHOES.

5000 lbs. Sweedes Iron 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 10 inches wide.
10,000 lbs. all sizes Refined Bar Iron.
2,000 lbs. ¼ and ½ Round "
35 Kegs Old Dominion Nails *all sizes.*
25 " Mule Shoes.
10 " Horse "
100 lbs. Horse Shoe Nails.
In store and must be sold.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
mar 22-191-tf

WHISKEY & BRANDY.

20 Bbls. Rectified Whiskey.
10 " N. C. Corn "
10 " N. C. Apple Brandy,
which we will sell very low to close.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
mar 22-191-tf

BAGGING & ROPE.

2 Bales Standard Gunny Bagging.
25 Coils best Jute Rope.
In store,

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
mar 22-191-tf

YARNS, PLAIDS AND SHEETINGS.

500 bunches Cotton Yarns.
1000 yards Osnaburg Plaids—*very heavy.*
1000 " Miners "
1000 " Sheetings and Sheetings.
On consignment,

B. P. WILLIAMSON